

# SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt

Covered Bond Issuer  
April 2025

# Table of contents

- 1 SpareBank 1 Alliance Overview
- 2 Macroeconomic overview Norway
- 3 Boligkreditt – Covered Bond Structure
- 4 Residential Real Estate Market
- 5 SpareBank 1 Banks Performance Review
- 6 Covered Bond Funding
- 7 Appendix I: Green Covered Bonds



# SpareBank 1 Alliance Banks

## – local presence and national integration

The Alliance was founded in 1996  
and consists today of 12 banks



SPAREBANK 1 ALLIANCE BANKS

# Banks in Norway



**Savings banks** (*Sparebank*)  
78 Banks, incl. 3 alliances/groups  
and independent banks

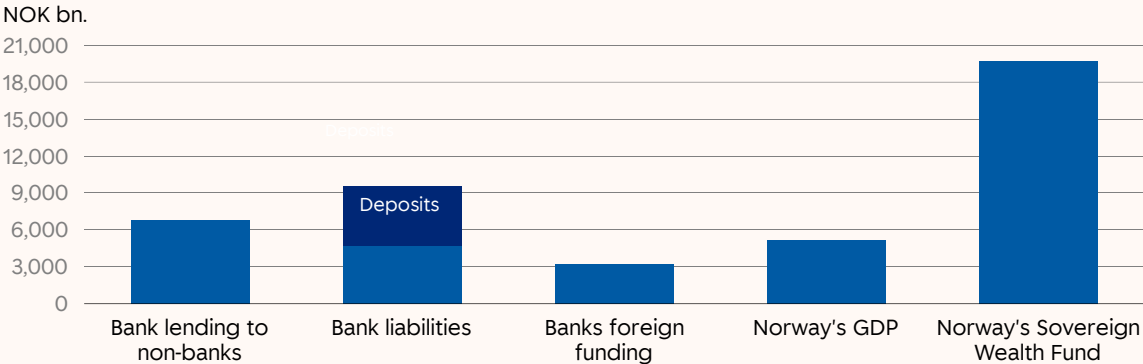


**Commercial banks:** larger Nordic banking  
Groups but also smaller banks

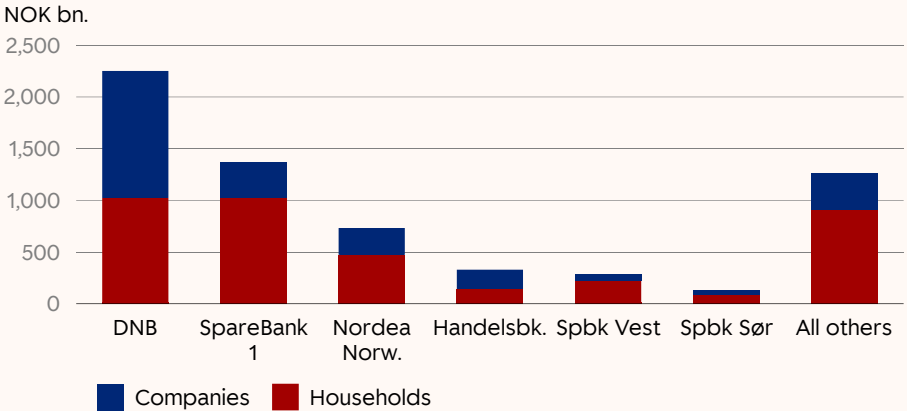


- Banks compete for the same customer base, but with larger commercial banks focusing on larger corporations
- A savings bank's strength sits in its local or regional market and in the household and SME sector

Banking sector relative size, (2024)



Largest banks by lending volume (2023)

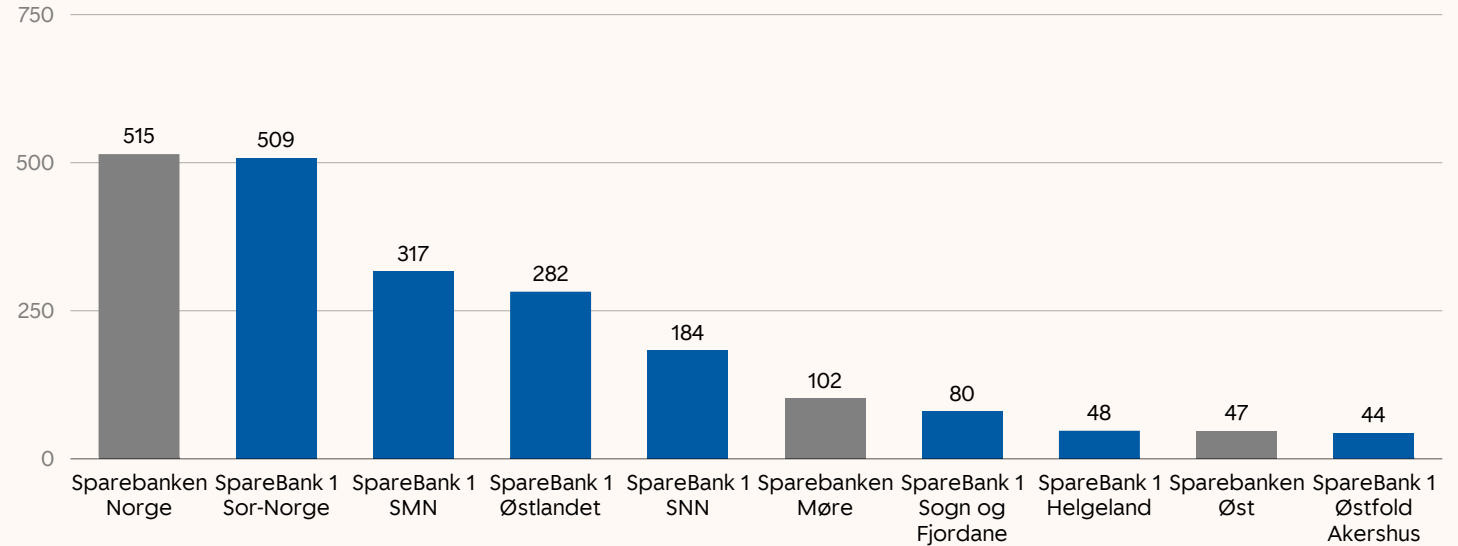




# Norwegian savings banks – characteristics

- Norway's first type of bank, founded in the 1820ies, retains local and regional character today
- Sparebanks are universal banks, but only domestic lending, focus on residential mortgage lending
- Savings banks are self-owned institutions, as well as investor owned
- All larger savings banks' equity (capital certificates) are listed on the Oslo stock exchange
- Share of profits provided as gift annually (society dividend) based on the bank's self-owned share of capital

10 largest Sparebanks, NOK bn total assets, columns in blue are SpareBank 1 Alliance banks



Niels Wulfsberg



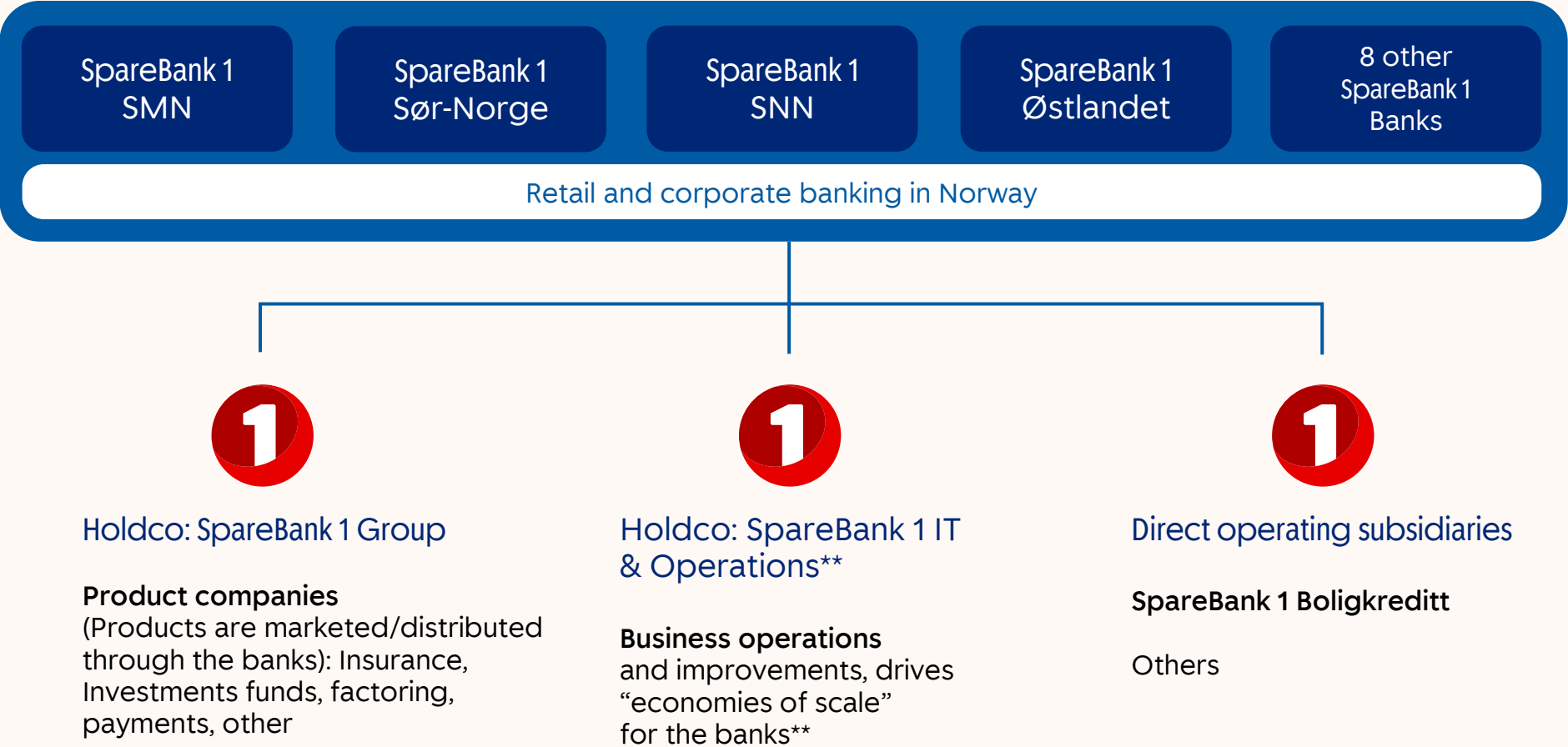
Jacob Neumann



Jørgen Herman Vogt



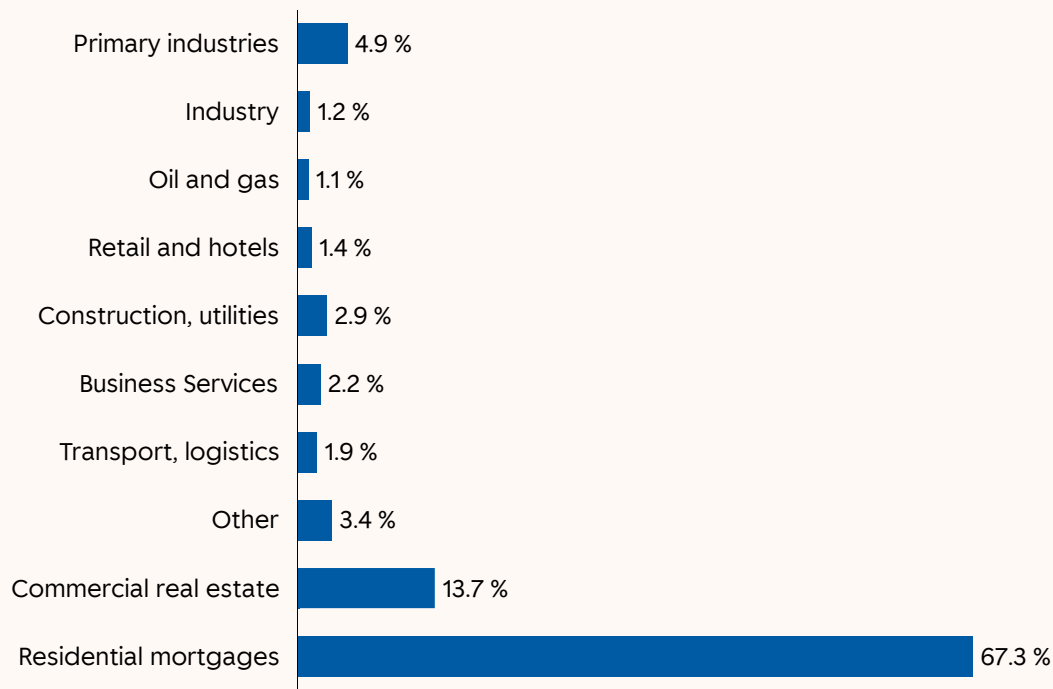
# SpareBank 1 Alliance overview



SPAREBANK 1 ALLIANCE BANKS

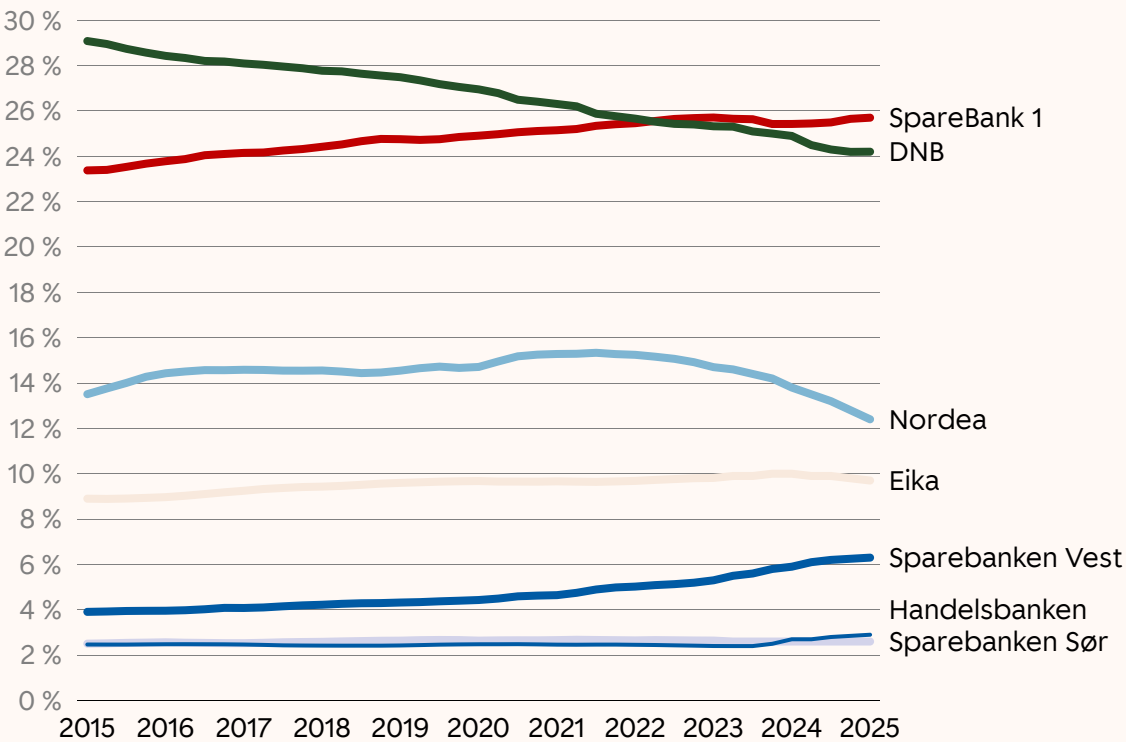
# Balance Sheet and Market Share

Aggregated SpareBank 1 lending



Source: SpareBank 1 Banks financial reporting

Development market shares residential mortgages

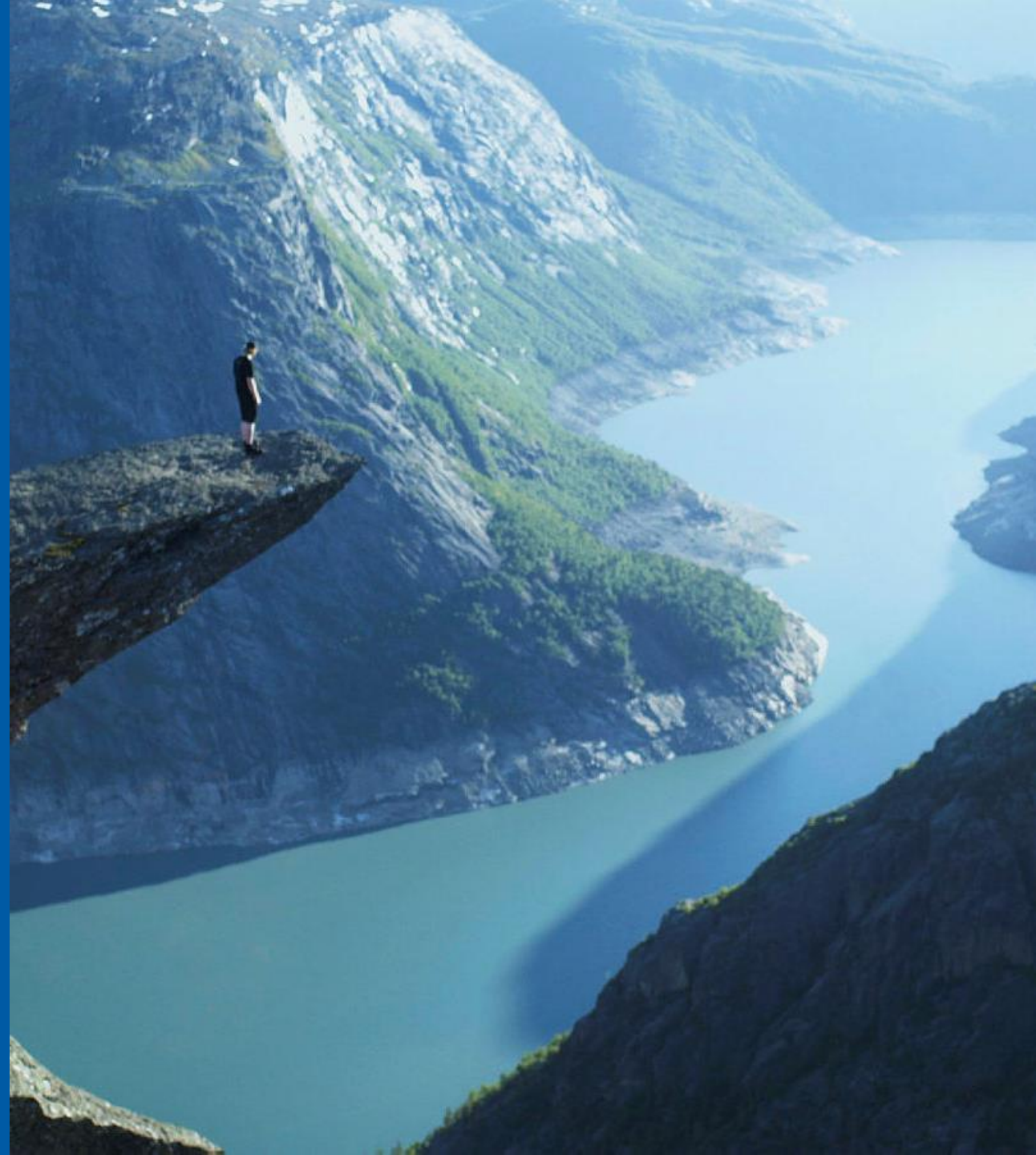


Source: Eiendomsverdi:

- figures are based on the number of financed properties
- Figures are pro forma for additions/mergers for SpareBank 1 and DNB
- Danske Bank is in the process of selling its residential lending portfolio to Nordea

# Table of contents

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- 5 SpareBank 1 Banks Performance Review
- 6 Covered Bond Funding
- 7 Appendix I: Green Covered Bonds



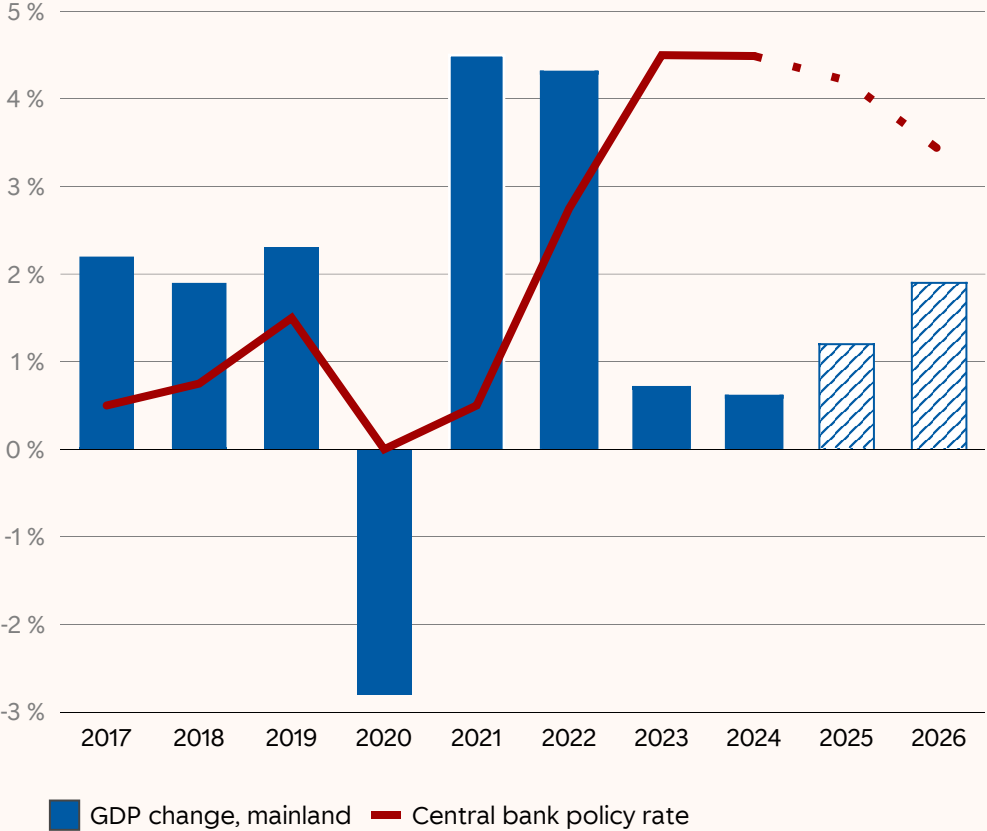


MACROECONOMIC OVERVIEW

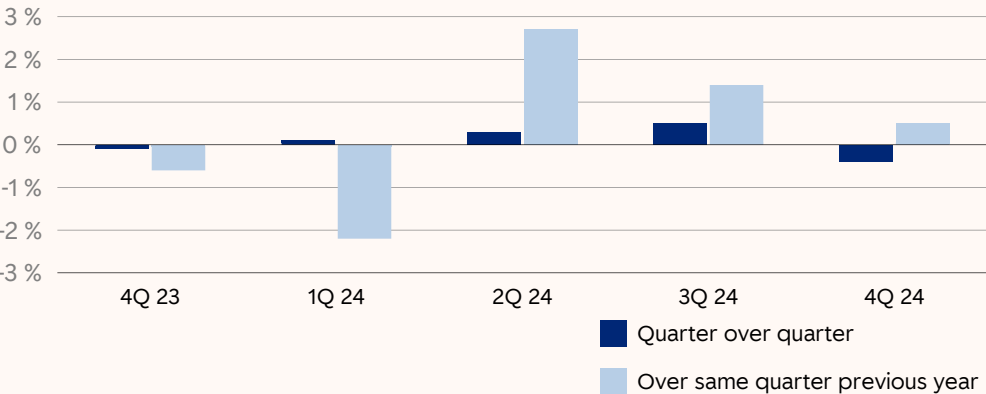
# GDP Change



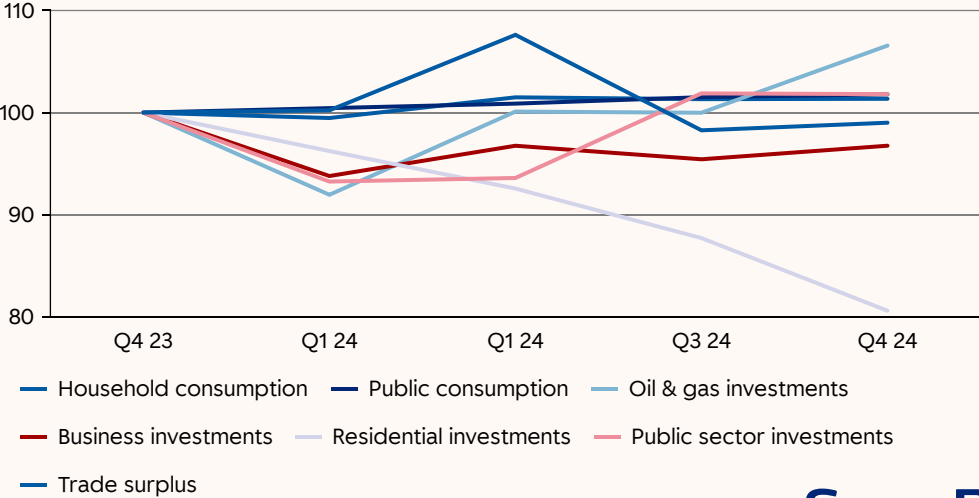
GDP change and central bank policy rate



GDP quarterly change



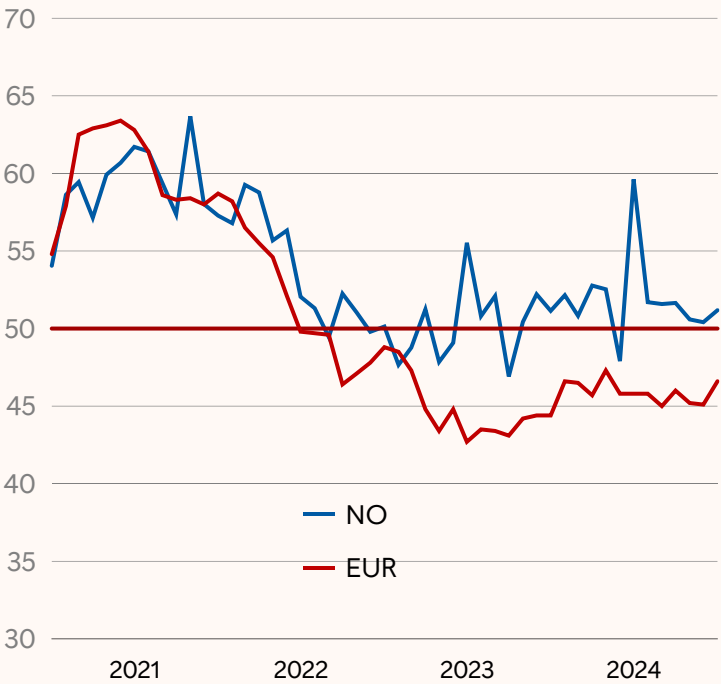
Indexes, seasonally adjusted, fixed prices



MACROECONOMIC OVERVIEW

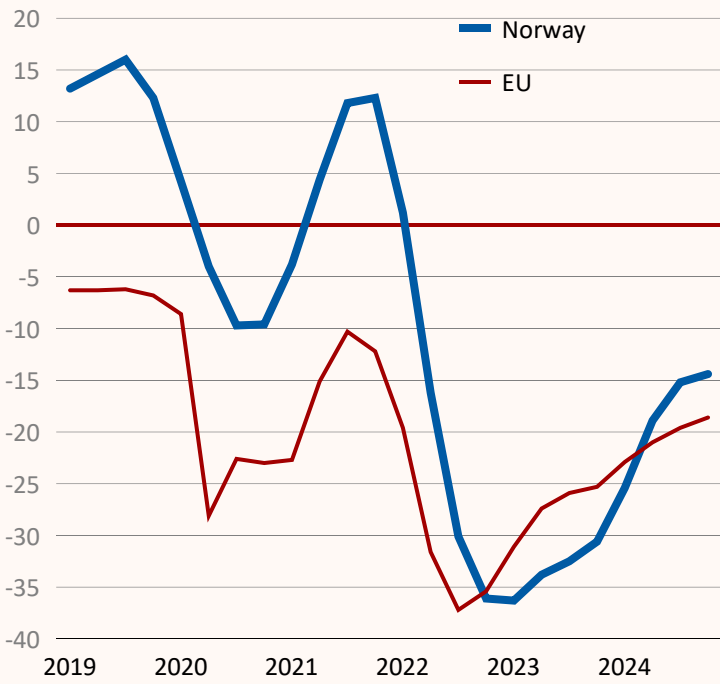
# Outlook Indicators

Purchasing Manager Index



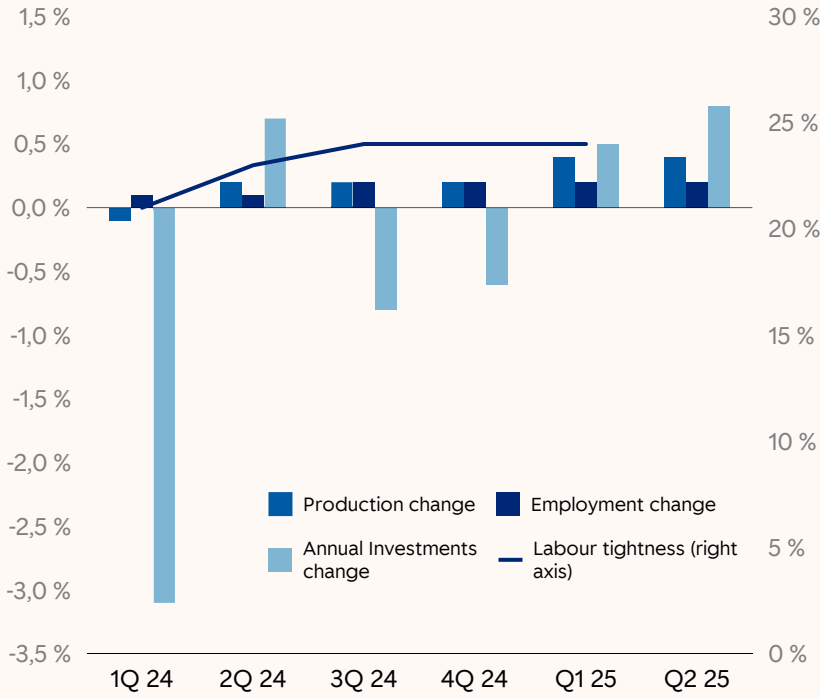
The PMI manufacturing index reflects current production, new orders, employment, delivery time and goods in storage

Consumer Confidence



Consumer confidence reflects quarterly household financial expectations (for themselves and the country) over the next 12 months

Central Bank Business Survey

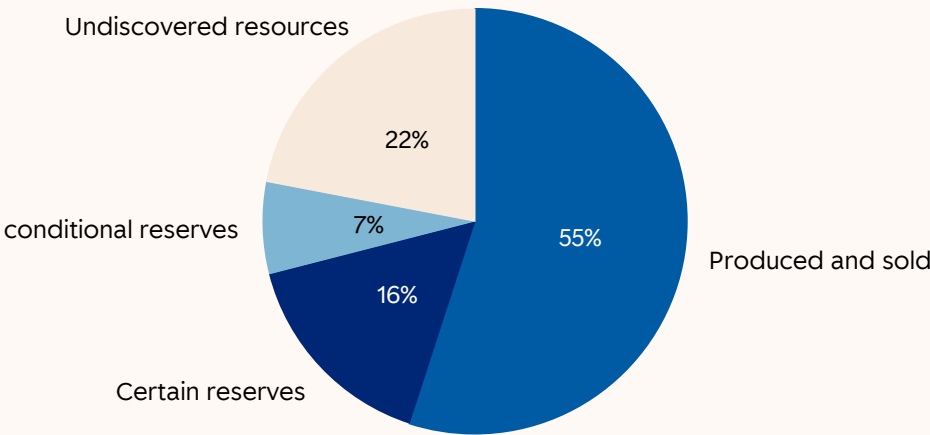


The Norwegian CB business survey reflects activity and expectations ahead. Labour tightness is share of companies reporting this. Other indicators are per cent change.

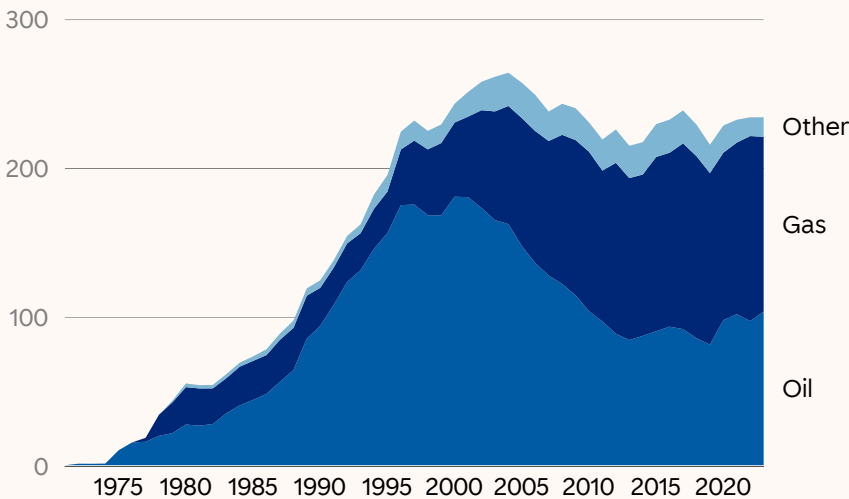
MACROECONOMIC OVERVIEW

# Energy

Norwegian oil and gas resources



Norwegian production in million Sm3 Oil equivalents



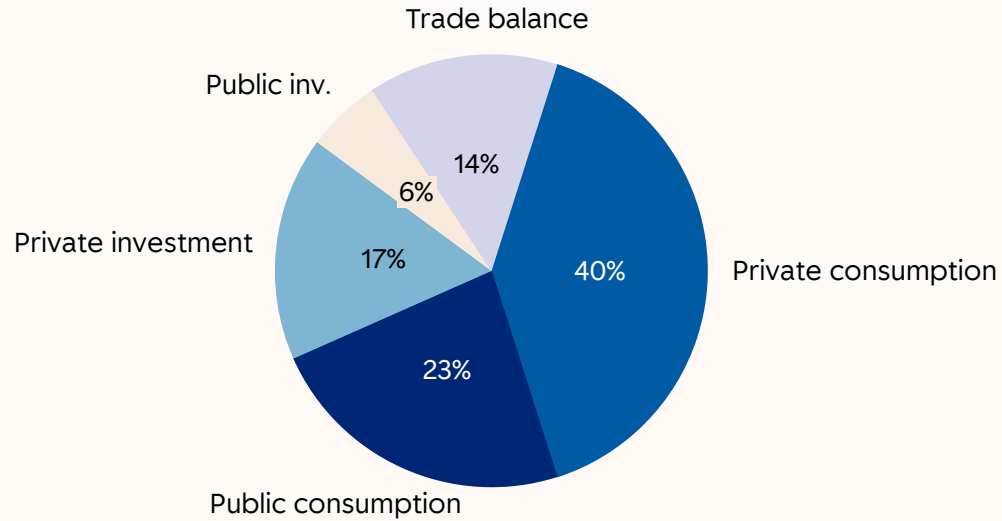
Renewable Energy Export



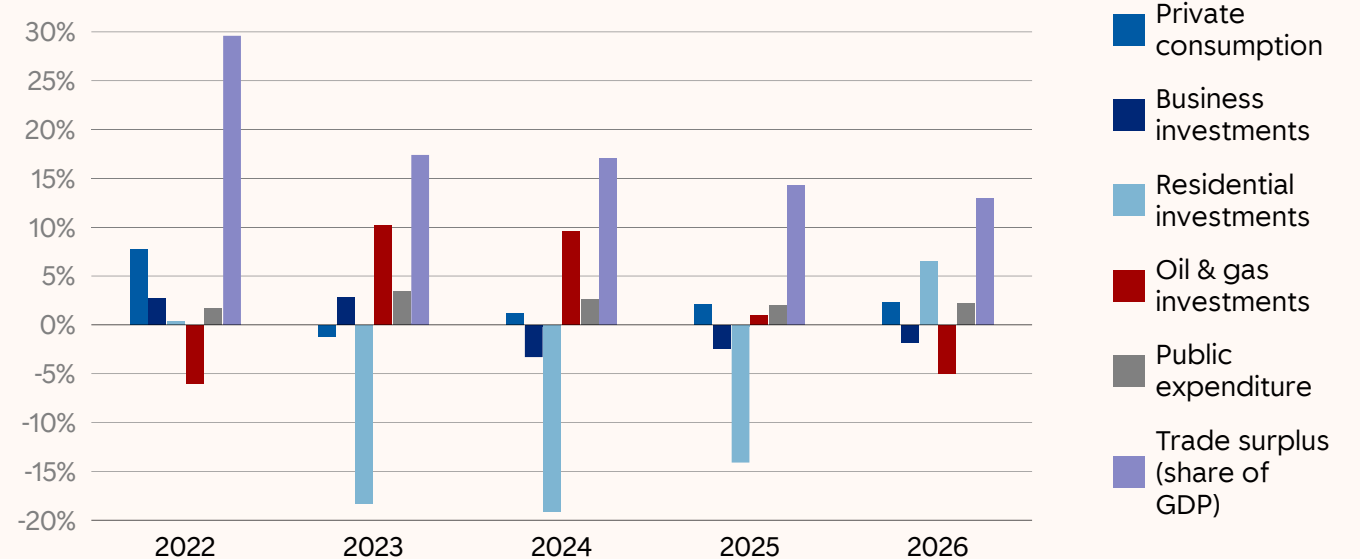
# MACROECONOMIC OVERVIEW

## GDP Components

GDP by expenditure, 2023



Per cent change in GDP components and forecast

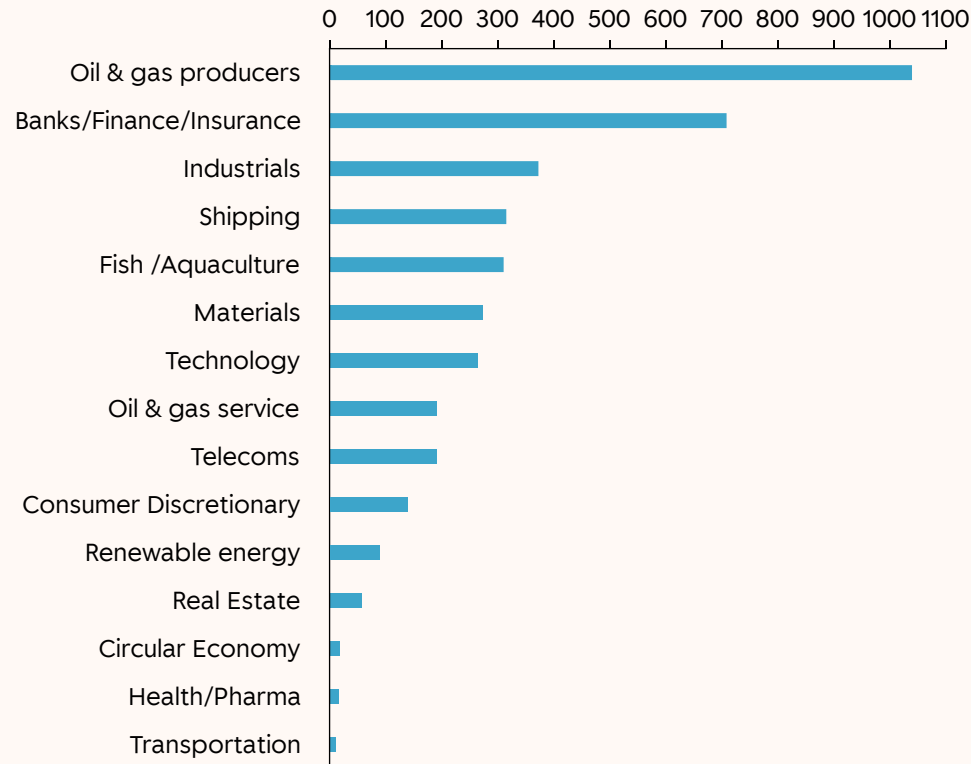


- Oil and gas investments at 15-20% of all investments have large swings which are related to energy markets dynamics and project pipelines as well as special sector tax rules. Investments are growing following the European energy crisis
- Gross capital formation in Norway is relatively high; important for productivity growth potential



# Norwegian Exchange listed companies and employees by sector

Industries of firms listed on the Oslo exchange (NOK bn market value)



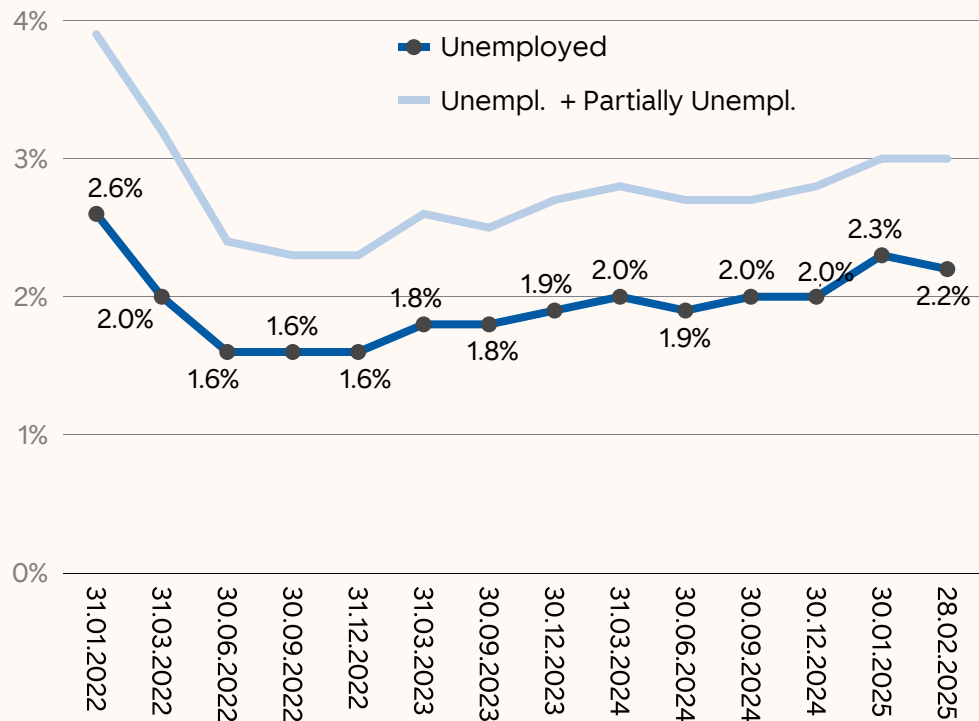
Employees in Norway by main sector (1000 persons)



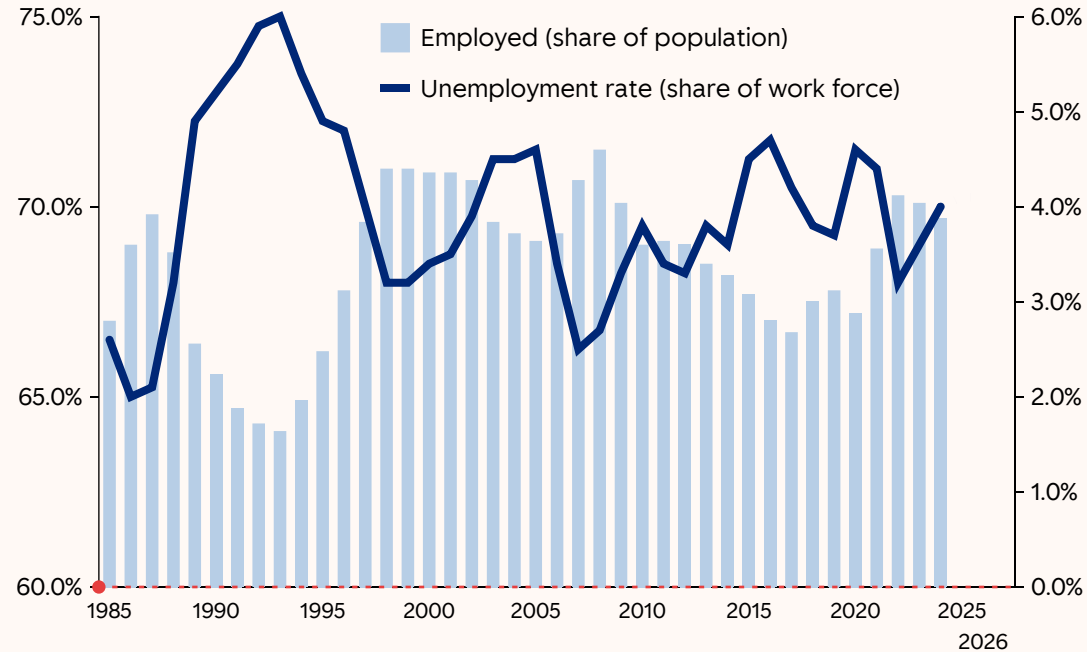
MACROECONOMIC OVERVIEW

# Labour Market

Registered unemployment



Long-term survey unemployment rate

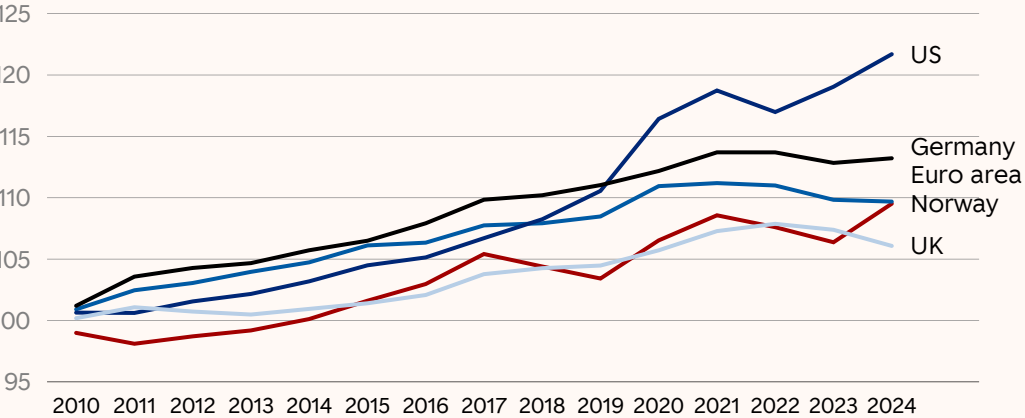


The peak in the survey unemployment rate happened during the recession of the early 1990ies, while the oil price decline in 2014-16 and the covid pandemic caused unemployment peaks

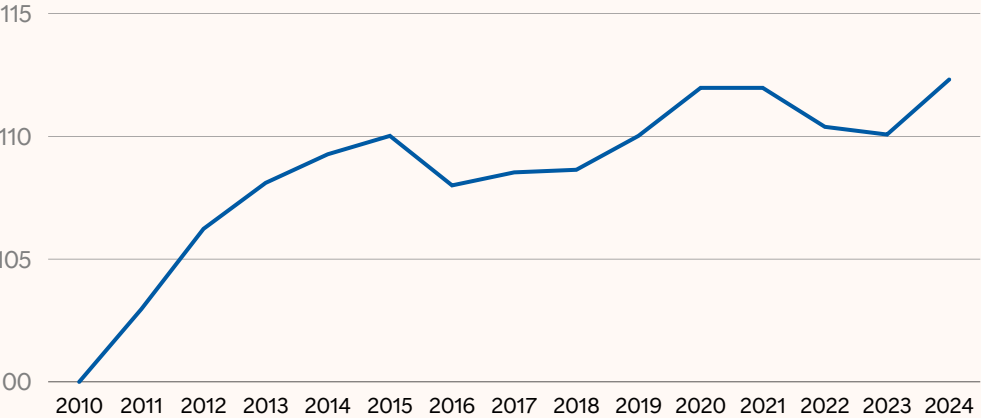
MACROECONOMIC OVERVIEW

# Productivity and wages

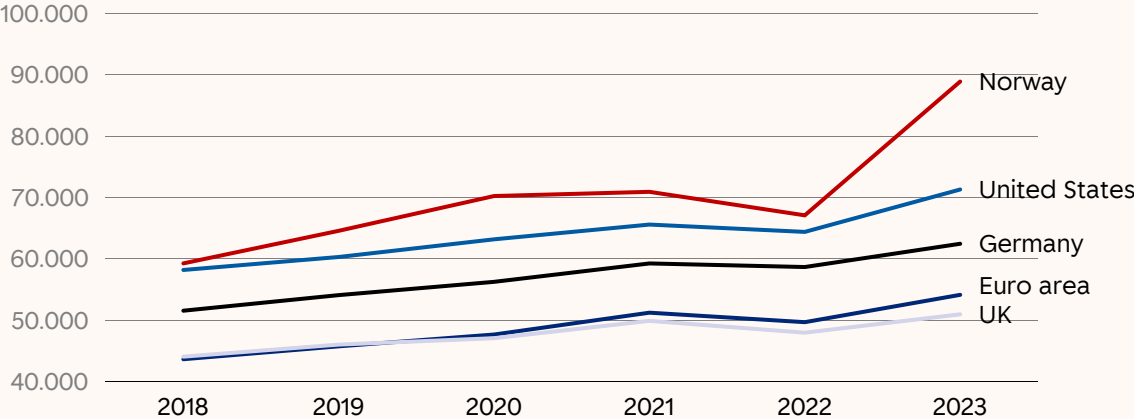
Labour productivity; output per hour worked, index



Real wages Norway, index 2010=100

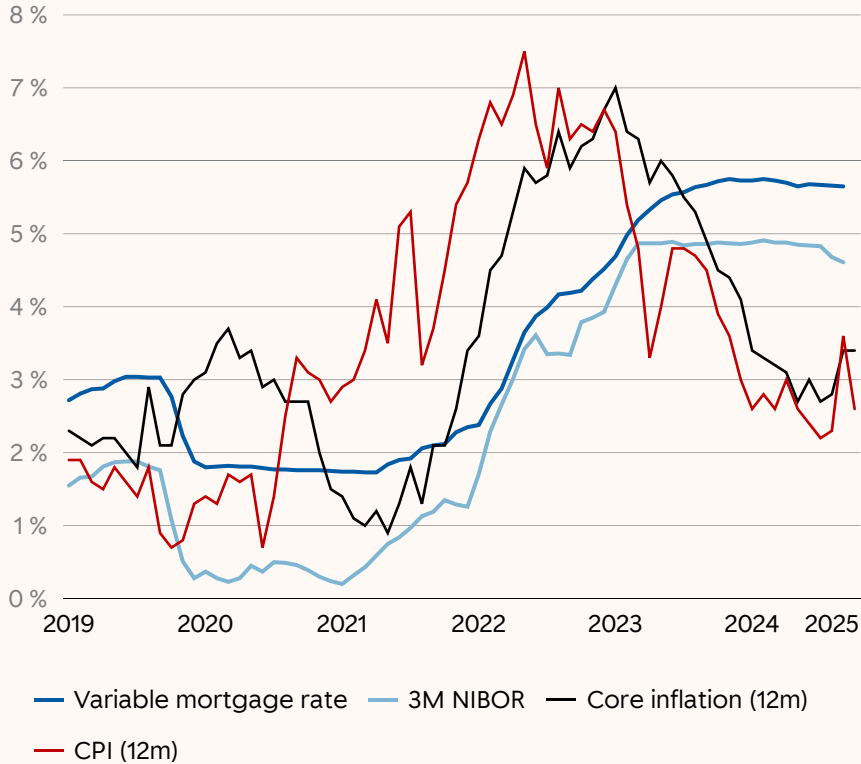


GDP per capita in constant USD at PPP

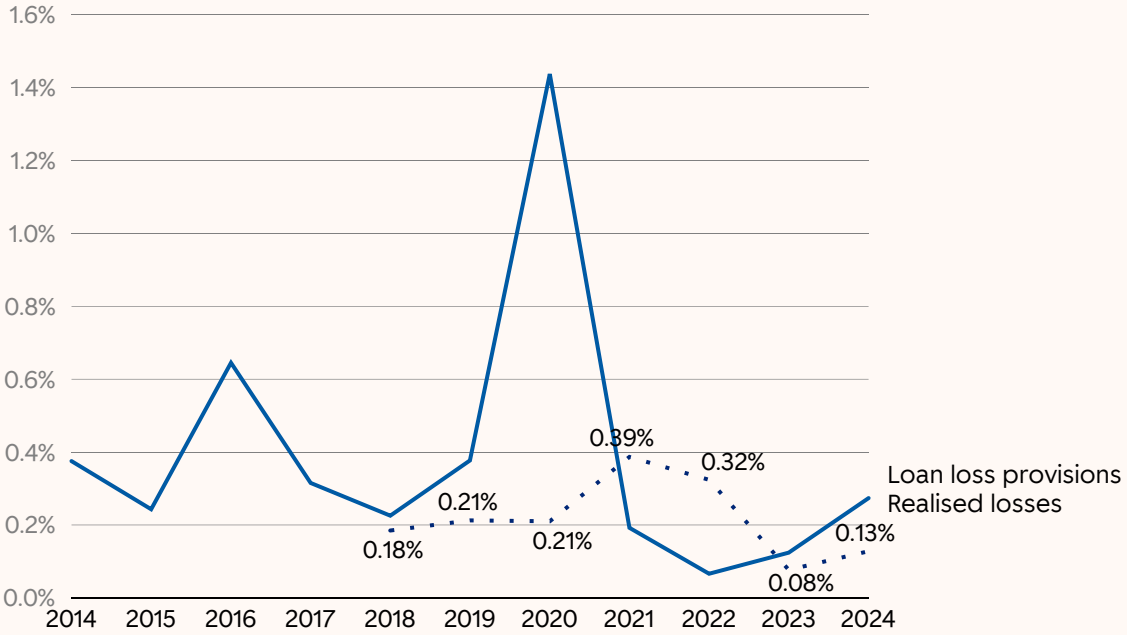


# Interest rates, inflation and bank sector losses

Interest rates and inflation



Loan provisions and losses aggregated banking sector

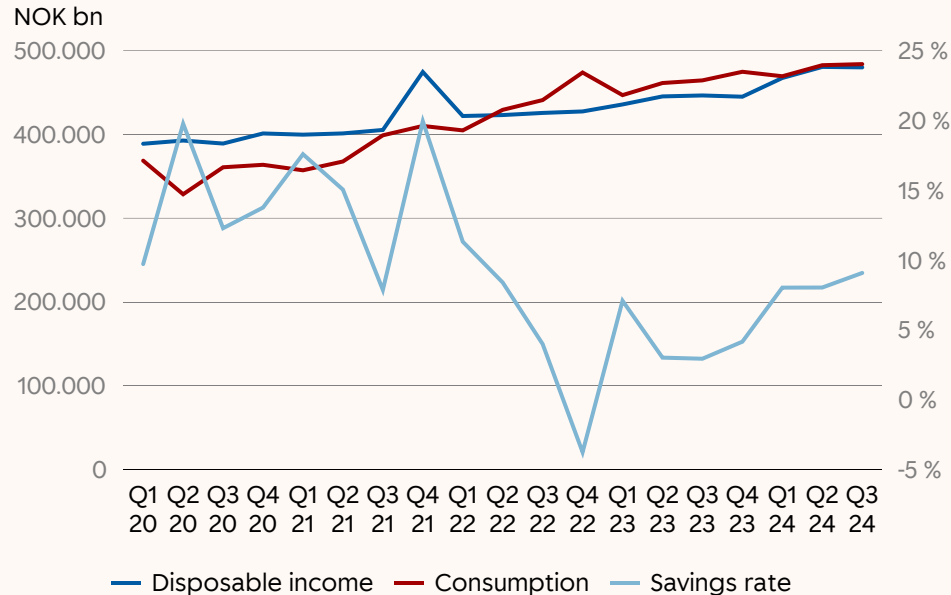


Part years are annualized



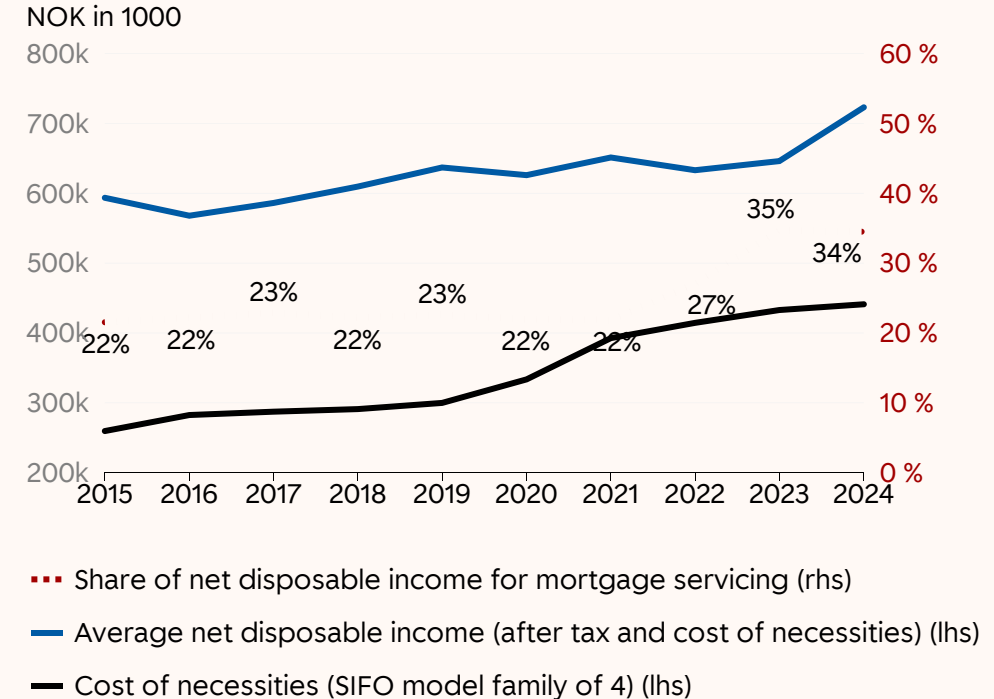
# Household sector income, savings and mortgage affordability

## Aggregate Household income, consumption and savings



- Savings is the difference in disposable income and consumption
- in addition occupational pension savings not in disp. income

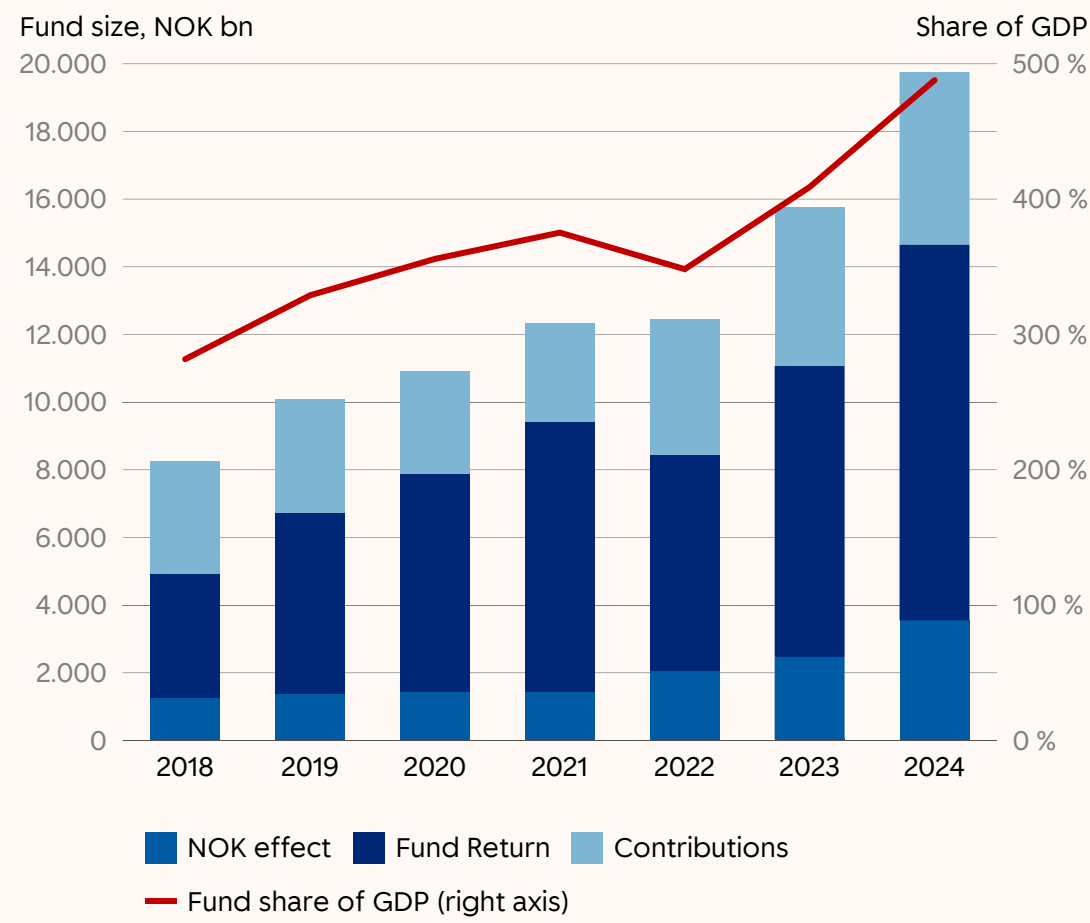
## Mortgage affordability



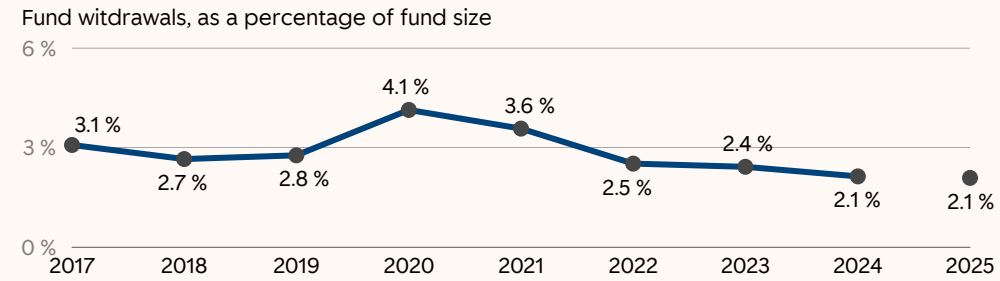
- Mortgage servicing is modelled based on 85% LTV of the median valued house, 30 years full repayment, with average annual variable mortgage rates

MACROECONOMIC OVERVIEW

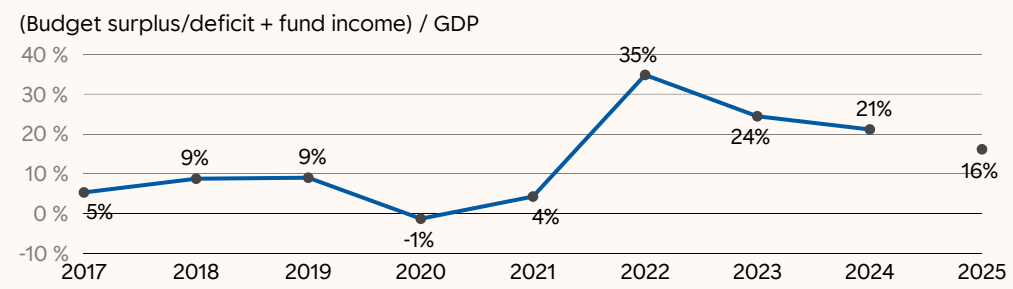
# Sovereign Wealth Fund



**The spending rule:** The gov. budget's non-oil & gas fiscal deficit may be max. 3% of the fund's size – financed by the fund



**The combined government surplus + fund cash income** is high due to recent high energy prices



# Table of contents

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# Covered Bonds and Issuers in

- Solid, diversified AAA economy of 5.6 million people, trade and government surpluses, EU inner market (EEA) member
- EU Covered Bond Directive and CRR defines what a covered bond is (EU Premium)
- High homeownership rate
- Mortgages with a history of a well performing asset class
- Sound underwriting - also mandated by government regulation for mortgage finance



Are all Norwegian issuers  
and covered bonds the  
same?

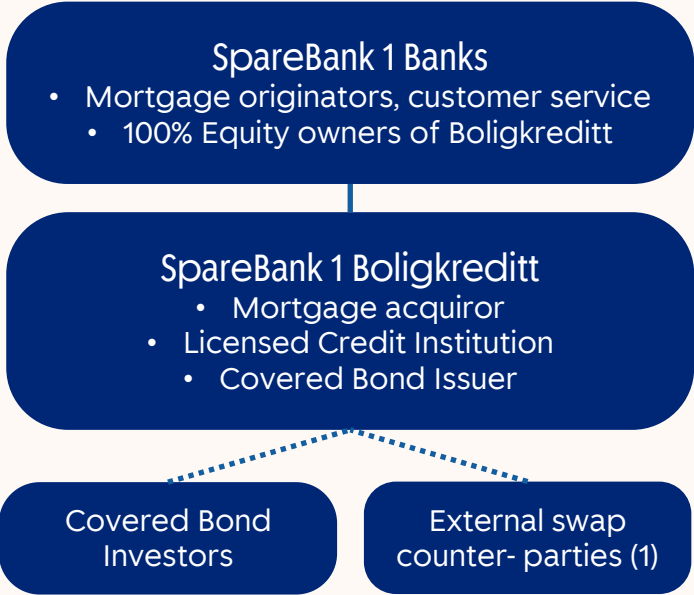
- Hedging policy and Swaps
- Liquidity provisions in the cover pool
- Rules for mortgage cover pool & strength of Alliance model
- Moody's TPI factor and rating buffer
- Size, Regularity and Liquidity



SPAREBANK 1 BOLIGKREDITT

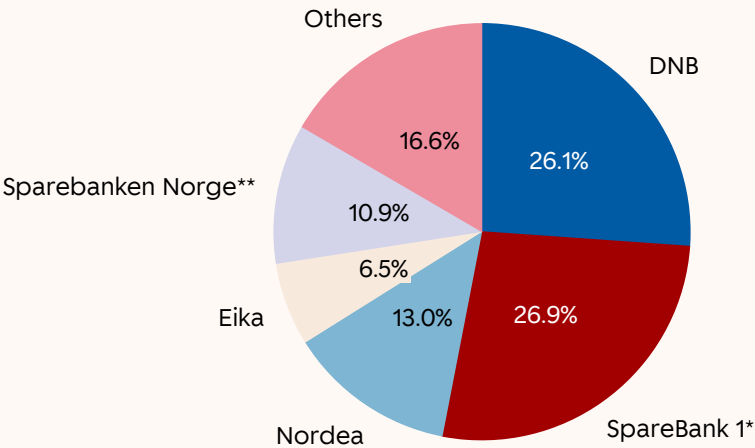
# Specialized credit institution

Covered Bond Issuing Model



- The specialised model is the only legally possible: asset segregation and transparency
- The word “Boligkreditt” signals residential mortgage loans only
- Swaps hedge FX and interest rate risk, which are limited by law

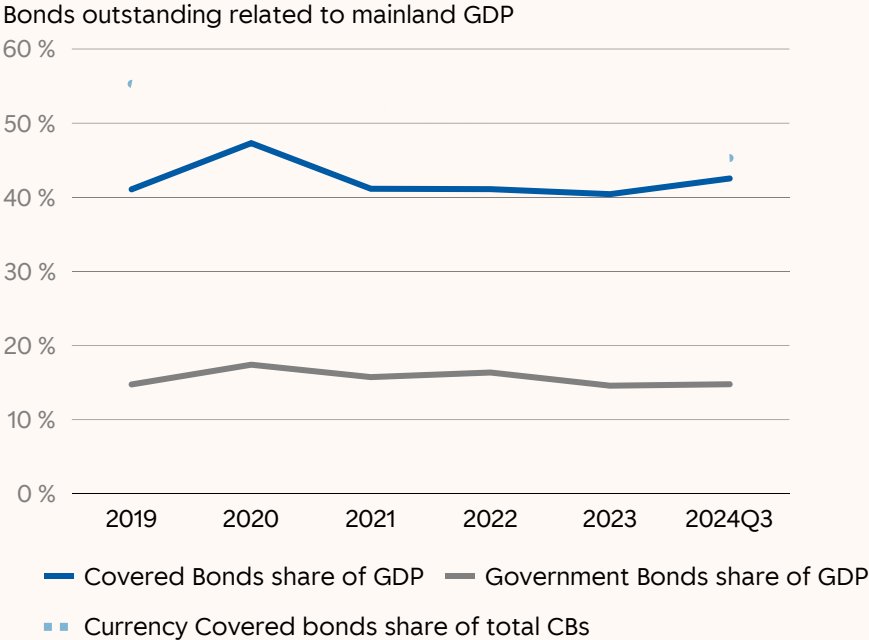
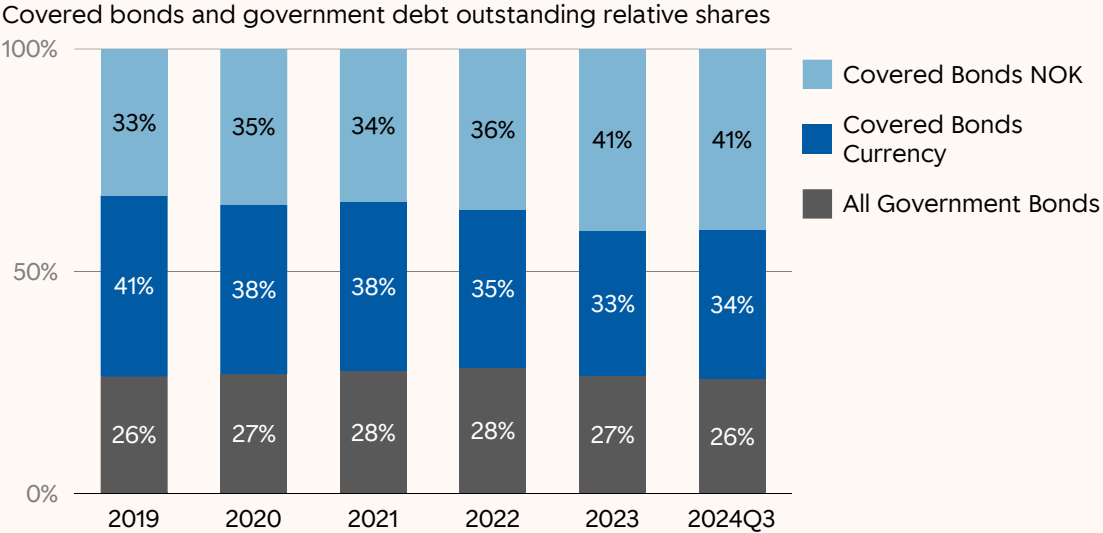
Covered bonds outstanding, all currencies, Q2 2024



# Norwegian covered bond issuers

| <b><u>Bank Name</u></b> | <b><u>Number of banks</u></b> | <b><u>Covered Bond Issuer</u></b> |   |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| SpareBank 1             | 11                            | SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt (SpaBol) | Large issuer various currencies, SpareBank 1 main CB issuer, SpareBank 1 is Alliance banks brand name |
| SpareBank 1 Sor-Norge   | 1                             | SR-Boligkreditt                   | member of SpareBank 1, issues own label CBs   |
| DNB                     | 1                             | DNB Boligkreditt                  | Large issuer various currencies   |
| Nordea                  | 1                             | Nordea Eiendomskreditt            | Only one not called Boligkreditt, NOK-only issuer   |
| Eika                    | ca. 50                        | Eika Boligkreditt                 | Banking alliance of small banks, no co-branding   |
| Verd                    | 18                            | Verd Boligkreditt                 | Banking alliance of small banks, no co-branding   |
| Sparebanken Sør         | 1                             | Sparebanken Sør Boligkreditt      | occasional EUR issuer   |
| Sparebanken Vest        | 1                             | Sparebanken Vest Boligkreditt     | occasional EUR issuer   |
| Sparebanken Møre        | 1                             | Møre Boligkreditt                 | occasional EUR issuer   |
| Other banks             | 8                             | Other "Boligkreditt names"        | NOK-only issuers  |

# Covered Bonds in the Norwegian context



# EU harmonisation of covered bonds

## EU Regulatory Framework

### Covered Bonds Directive

Directive (EU) 2019/2162

### & Capital Requirements Directive

Art. 129 defines preferential risk weights and eligible assets for Covered Bonds

#### BRRD

Covered Bonds are excluded from bail in

#### EMIR

The regulation define specific treatment of cover pool derivatives

#### LCR Delegated Act

Defines Covered Bonds as liquid assets Level 1 or 2

#### Solvency II

Delegated Act – capital requirements for insurance investments in Covered Bonds

## Norwegian Covered Bonds Framework

- **All of the EU Regulatory Framework in effect**
- The Covered Bond Directive (harmonization Directive) became effective in Norway from July 2022
- Key points from the Norwegian harmonised Covered Bond framework:
  - **Cover Pool:** CRR Art. 129 defines eligible assets. In practice cover pools with only residential mortgages (separate public sector and commercial pools exist)
  - **Asset valuation:** maximum prudent market value, documented individual assessment by independent person or by statistical models (for residential real estate) **Max LTV:** up to 80%
  - **Rate and currency risk:** limited
  - **Derivatives:** only for hedging rate and currency risks
  - **Liquidity buffer:** 180 days net cash outflows covered
  - **Soft bullet:** Extended maturity of up to 12 months possible with approval from the FSA following from the prospect of an imminent liquidity crisis which would likely not be otherwise solved
  - **Overcollateralization:** 5%
  - **Registry:** detailed requirements **Cover pool monitor:** in place, checks registry quarterly with annual reporting to the FSA
  - **Investor reporting/transparency:** required, details as in HTT
  - **SpaBol issues EU Covered Bonds (Premium)** from July 2022



# Rating and cover pool

## Covered Bond Rating

SpareBank 1 Banks  
Aa3 Senior Ratings



SpaBol Issuer Rating Aa3 &  
Aa2 Covered Bond Anchor



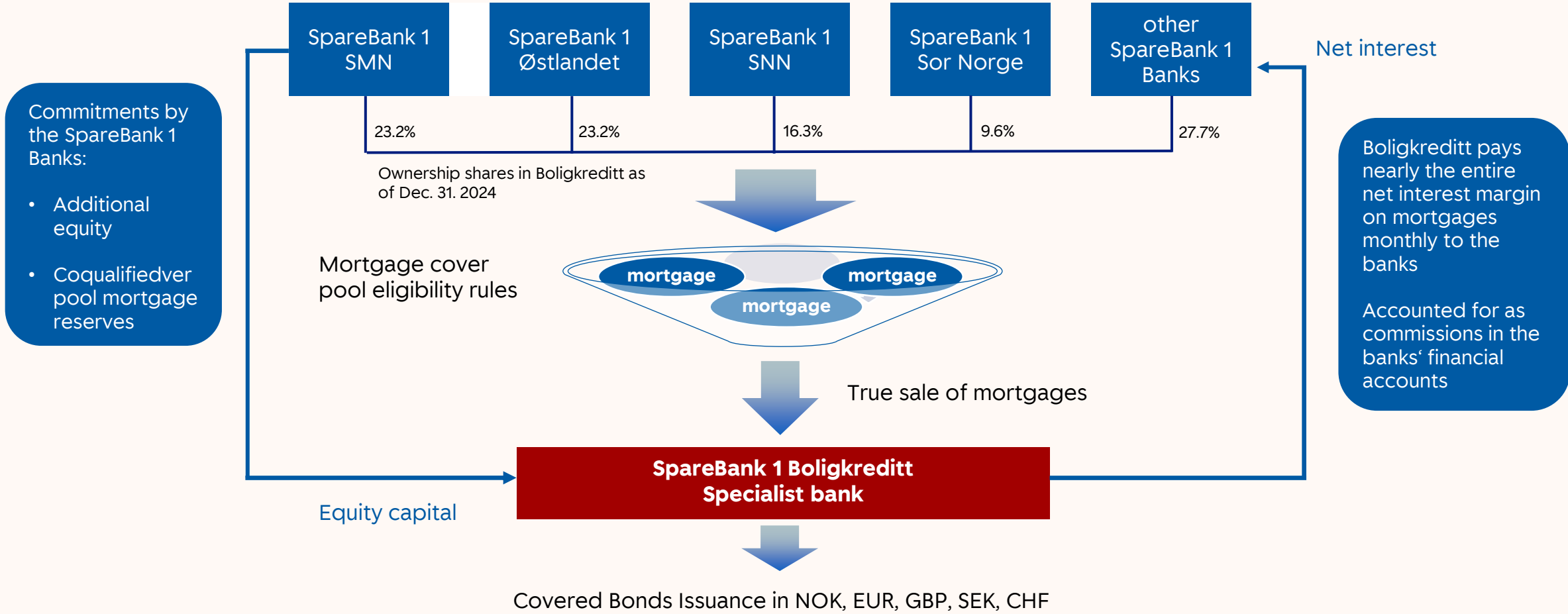
SpaBol **Aaa** Moody's  
Covered Bond Rating  
(since 2007)

- 5 notches of buffer in the Aaa rating
- Quality cover pool assets, legal framework, and market risk hedging policies determine the buffer

## SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt Cover Pool Overview Q4 2024

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Assets                  | Norwegian private residential mortgages for all types of residences |
| Number of mortgages     | 155,888 mortgages with a weighted average interest rate of 5.7%     |
| Average mortgage size   | NOK 1.879 mill (apprx. EUR 170,000)                                 |
| Total balance mortgages | NOK 293 bn  |
| Weighted average LTV    | 53.4%   |
| Cover pool consists of  | NOK 321 bn; Residential mortgages 91.2%, liquid assets 8.8%         |

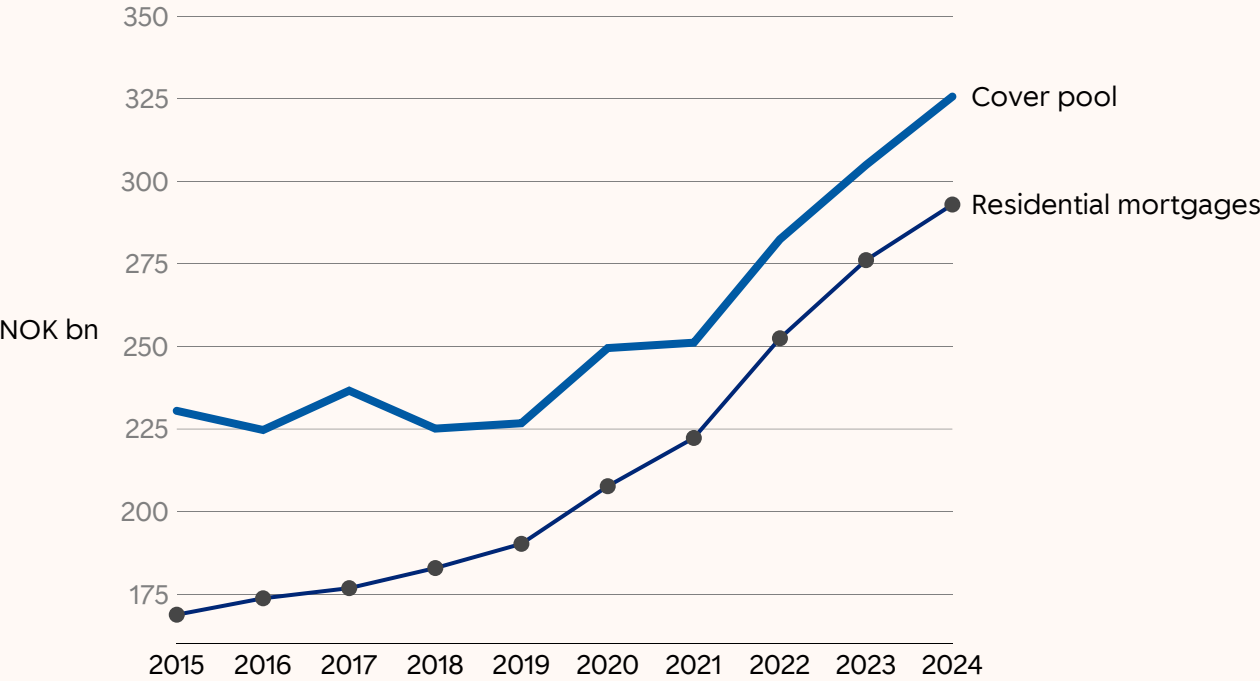
# Structure and mortgage loans transfer



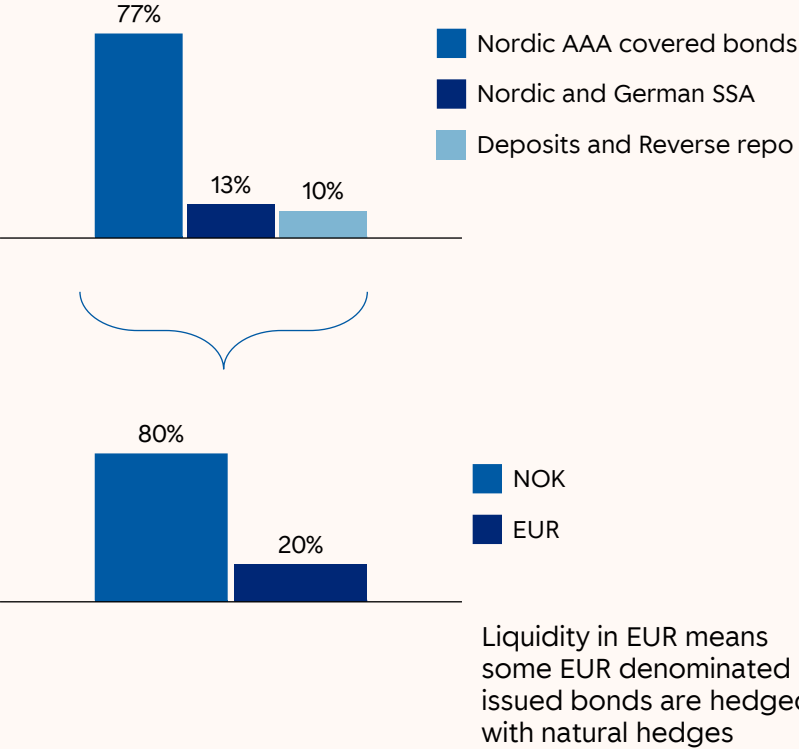
SPAREBANK 1 BOLIGKREDITT

# Cover pool development

Boligkredit's mortgages and cover pool

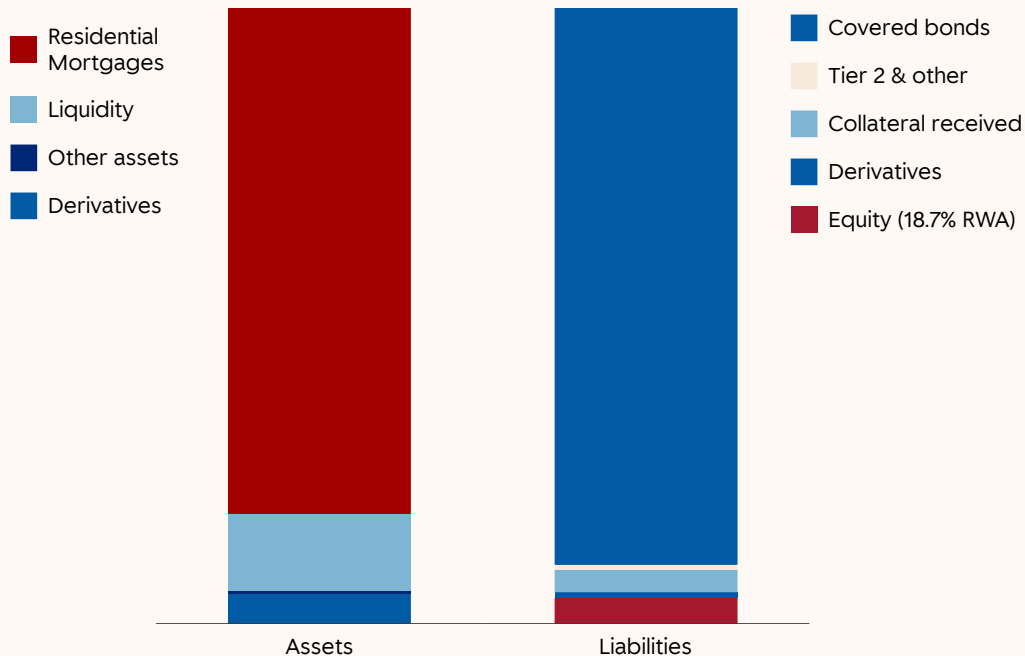


Liquidity in the cover pool

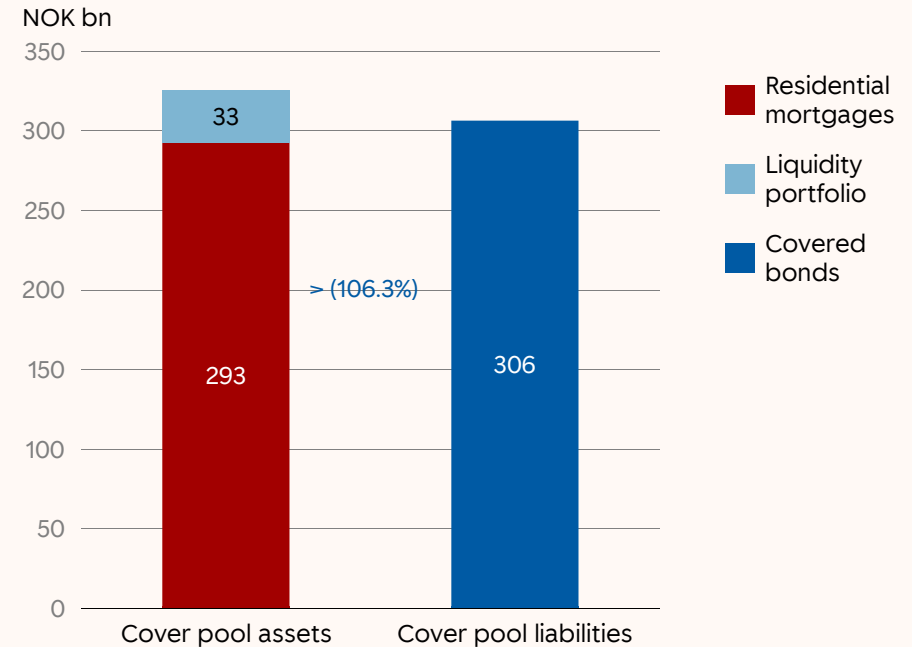


# Balance sheet and cover pool

Relative Balance Sheet 31.12.2024



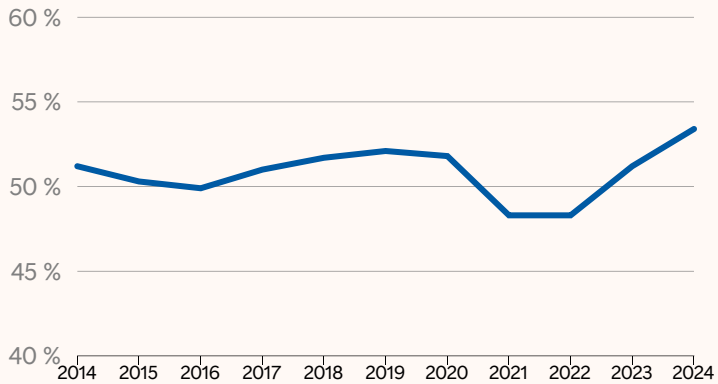
Cover Pool composition 31.12.2024



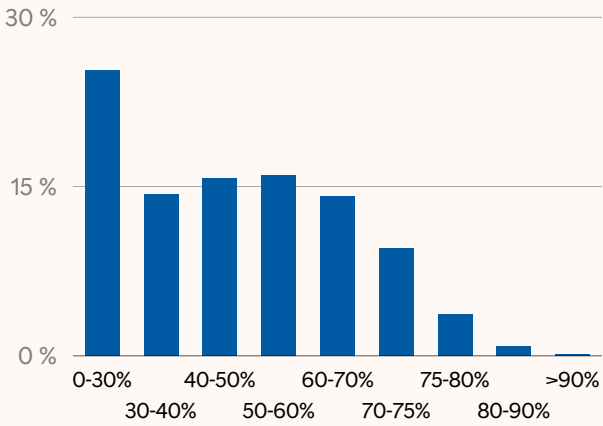
- SpaBol issues **European Covered Bonds (Premium)** in accordance with CRR Art. 129:
  - Liquid assets cover **180 days of maturities** and planned outflows. Liquidity also include collateral from swap counterparties
  - Issued covered bonds **are Soft-bullet with objective triggers**
  - The regulatory requirement for **overcollateralization** is 5% (from July 2022), and Moody's requirement is 0%
  - Derivatives fully hedge all FX and interest rate on issued covered bonds

# Cover pool mortgages of high quality

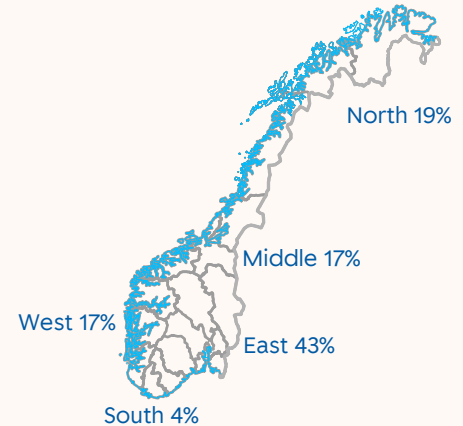
Mortgages current average loan-to-value



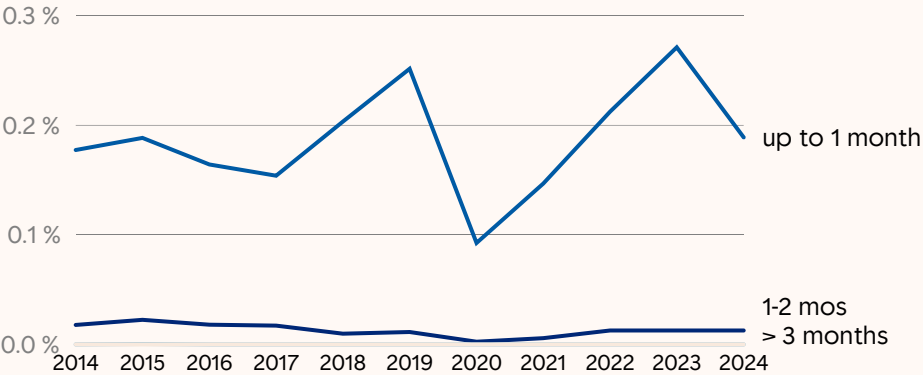
Mortgages in LTV ranges per Q4 2024



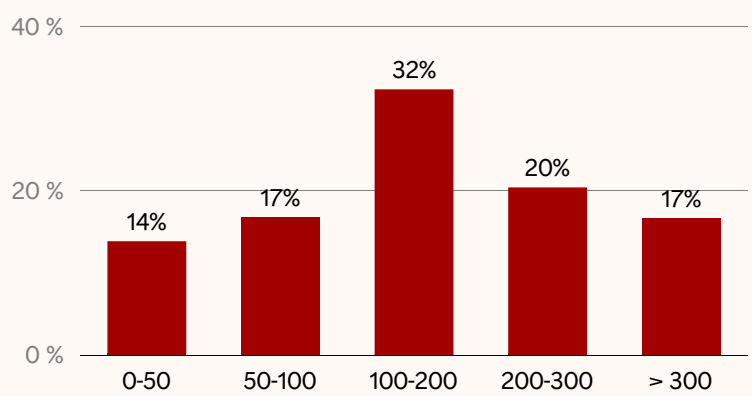
Geographical distribution



Mortgage loan arrears (in pct. of pool balance)

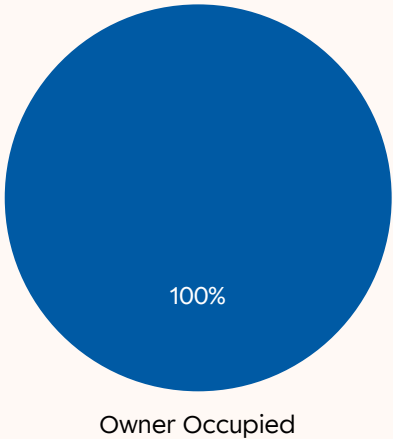


Granularity of mortgages (size, EUR in 1000)

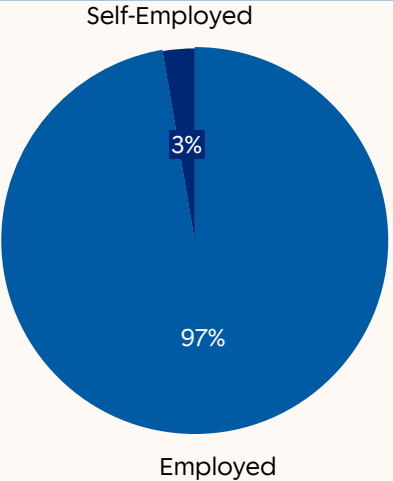


# Further cover pool mortgage statistics

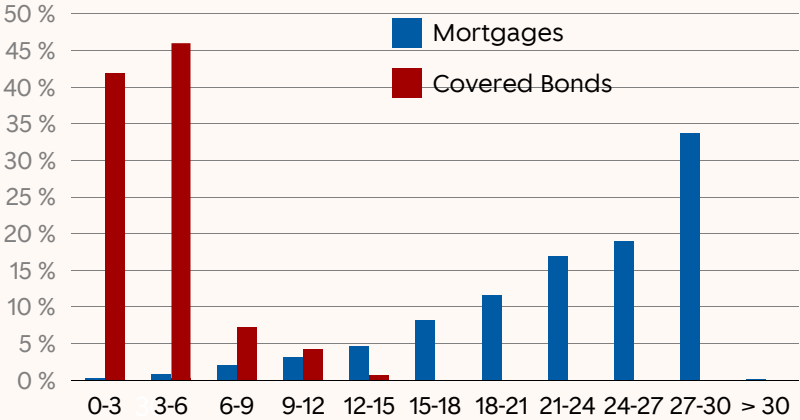
Residential occupancy status



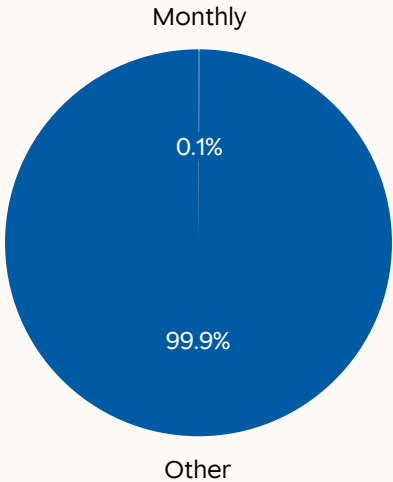
Employment status



Mortgages and covered bonds remaining tenor (yrs)



Mortgage payment frequency





SPAREBANK 1 BOLIGKREDITT

# SpaBol P&L

## Boligkreditt P&L

Net interest includes a deduction for interest paid to mortgage originating SpareBank 1 banks

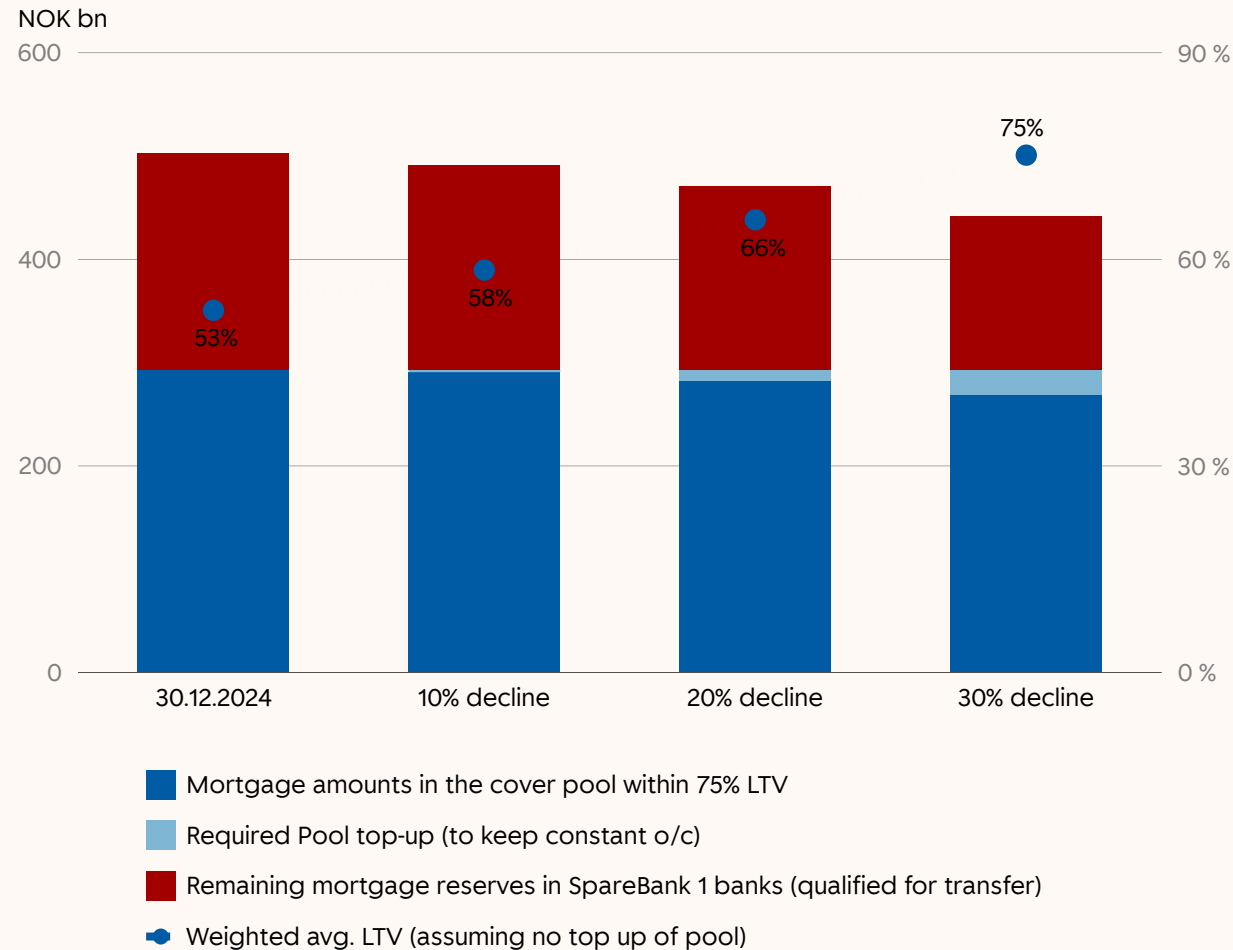


No realized losses, loss provisions are IFRS 9 modelled provisions under assumptions



| NOK 1 000   | 2024            | 2023            |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Total interest income                               | 17,010,845      | 13,287,471      |
| Total interest expenses                             | (16,152,972)    | (12,610,685)    |
| <b>Net interest income</b>                          | <b>857,873</b>  | <b>676,786</b>  |
| Net gains/losses from financial instruments         | (11,833)        | 3,636           |
| <b>Net other operating income</b>                   | <b>(11,833)</b> | <b>3,636</b>    |
| <b>Total operating income</b>                       | <b>846,040</b>  | <b>680,422</b>  |
| Salaries and other ordinary personnel expenses      | (16,340)        | (14,593)        |
| Other operating expenses                            | (30,901)        | (30,519)        |
| <b>Total operating expenses</b>                     | <b>(47,241)</b> | <b>(45,112)</b> |
| <b>Operating result before loan loss provisions</b> | <b>798,799</b>  | <b>635,309</b>  |
| Loan loss provisions                                | (2,672)         | (16,016)        |
| <b>Pre-tax operating result</b>                     | <b>796,127</b>  | <b>619,294</b>  |
| Taxes   | (182,093)       | (140,025)       |
| <b>Profit/(loss) for the period</b>                 | <b>614,034</b>  | <b>479,269</b>  |

# Stress testing the cover pool – real estate valuation declines



- In a scenario with declining real estate valuations, an increasing share of mortgages above the 75% legal limit become ineligible as cover assets
- Accordingly, mortgages need to be replaced, this is the 'required top-up' in the chart
- Parts of the mortgages in the highest LTV brackets need replacing as house prices decline
- The SpareBank 1 mortgage reserve requirement calls for each bank to have non-zero, cover pool qualified, mortgage reserves after a 30% price decline scenario
- The qualified reserve mortgages (red bars) decline as their LTV increase and as the top-up is provided to the cover pool
- The w.a. pool LTV shown in the chart is prior to the top-up, only considering the price declines based on the current pool mortgage balance

# Table of contents

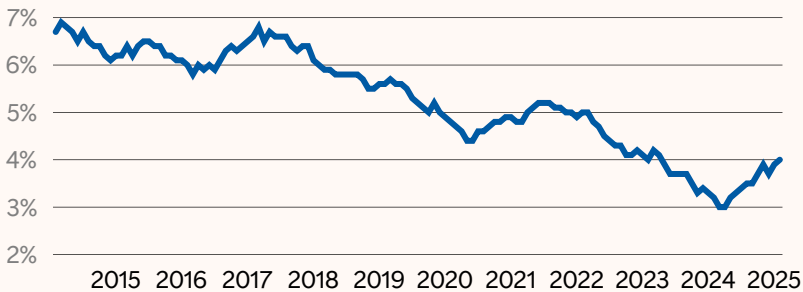
- 1 SpareBank 1 Alliance Overview
- 2 Macroeconomic overview Norway
- 3 Boligkreditt – Covered Bond Structure
- 4 Residential Real Estate Market
- 5 SpareBank 1 Banks Performance Review
- 6 Covered Bond Funding
- 7 Appendix I: Green Covered Bonds



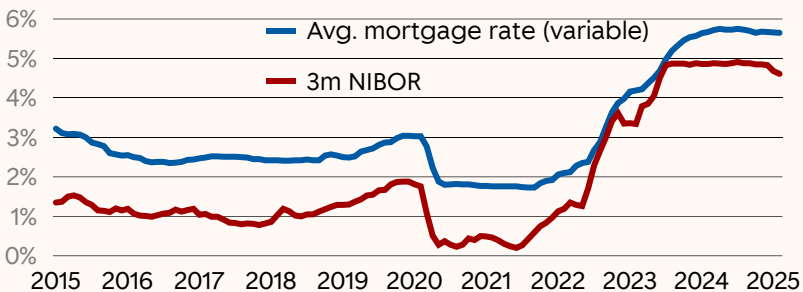
# Overview and development

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Mortgage market            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Total size approximately NOK 3,900 billion 4Q 2024 (€350 bn), 90% of GDP</li><li>• Private banks are the dominant suppliers of mortgages</li><li>• Scheduled repayment mortgages: ca.85% (</li><li>• Maturity for repayment, typical: 25-30 years</li><li>• First priority security market, thorough documentation</li></ul>                       |
| Home ownership             | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Over 82% of household's owner occupied</li><li>• Between 50 and 60% are detached one-family houses</li></ul>   |
| Social safety              | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Unemployment benefits represents ca 60% of salary for 2 years</li></ul>  |
| Personal liability         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Borrowers are personally liable for their debt</li><li>• Swift foreclosure regime upon non-payment</li><li>• Transparent information about borrowers (national debt registry)</li></ul>  |
| Mortgage market regulation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Maximum loan to value: 90% (from 2025, 85% prior)</li><li>• Flexible repayment mortgages: max 60% LTV</li><li>• 3% mortgage interest rate increase as stress test (prior 2023: 5%)</li><li>• Maximum 5x debt / gross income for borrowers</li><li>• Repayment minimum 2.5% p.a. when LTV &gt; 60%</li><li>• Exemptions 10% / 8% for Oslo</li></ul> |
| Interest payments          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 95% of mortgages are variable rate</li><li>• Interest rates can be reset at the banks's discretion, by giving the debtor 6 weeks' notice</li></ul>   |
| Tax                        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 22% of interest paid is tax deductible (equal to the basic rate of tax)</li><li>• Owner occupied residence at 25% of market value for wealth tax</li></ul>   |

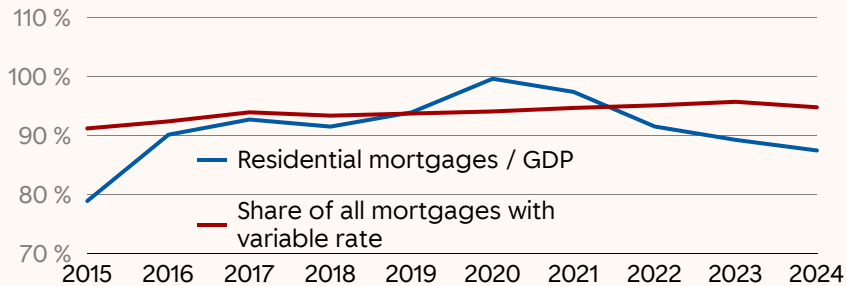
12 month credit growth rate household sector



Interest rates



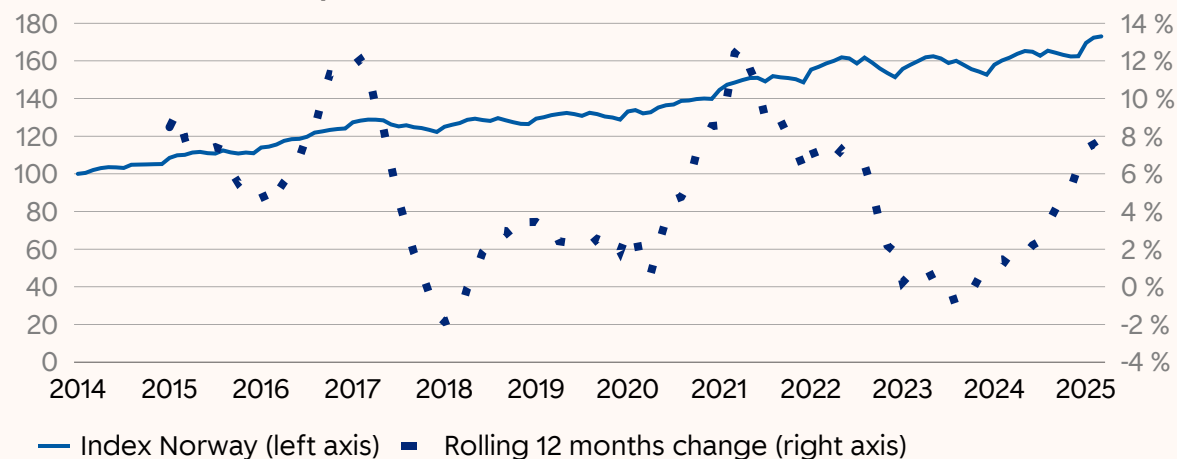
Mortgages



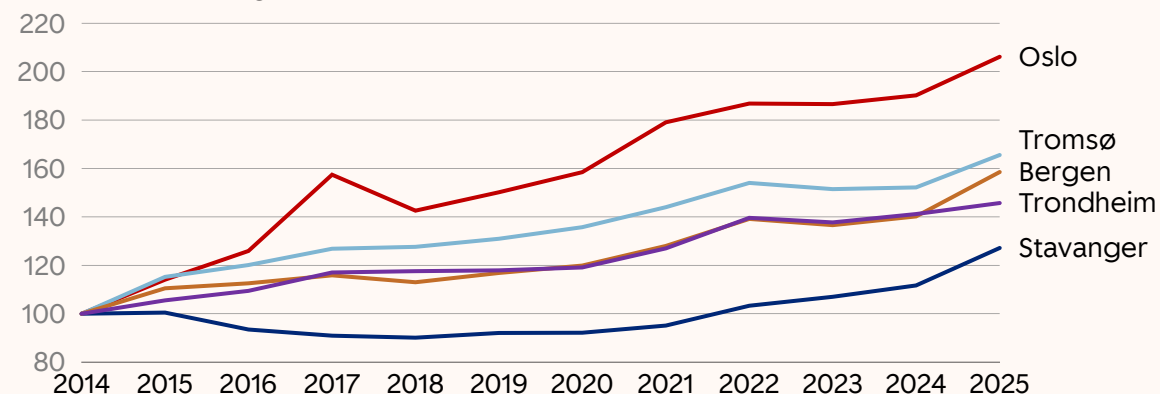
# RESIDENTIAL REAL ESTATE MARKET

## Price development

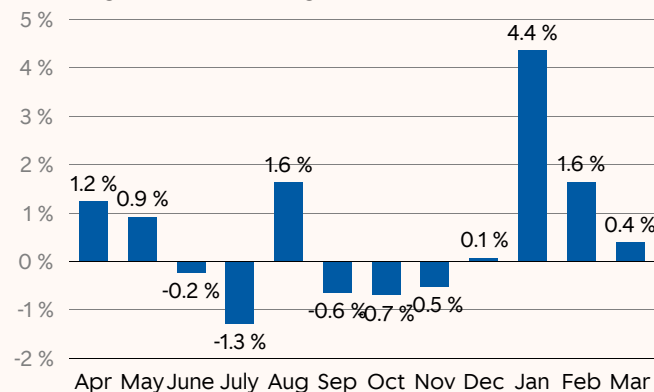
Residential real estate price index (Jan. 2014=100)



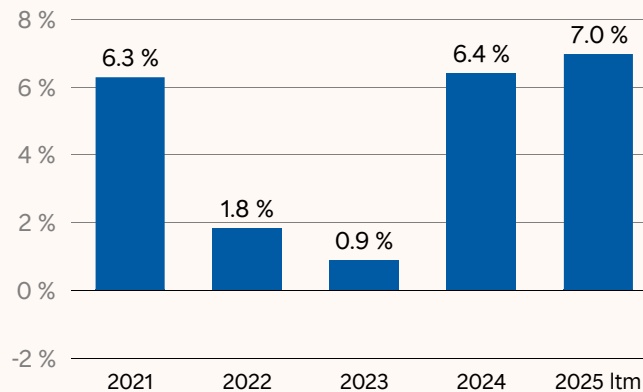
Indexes of the largest cities (Jan. 2014=100)



Norwegian index change the last twelve months



Norwegian index change last years

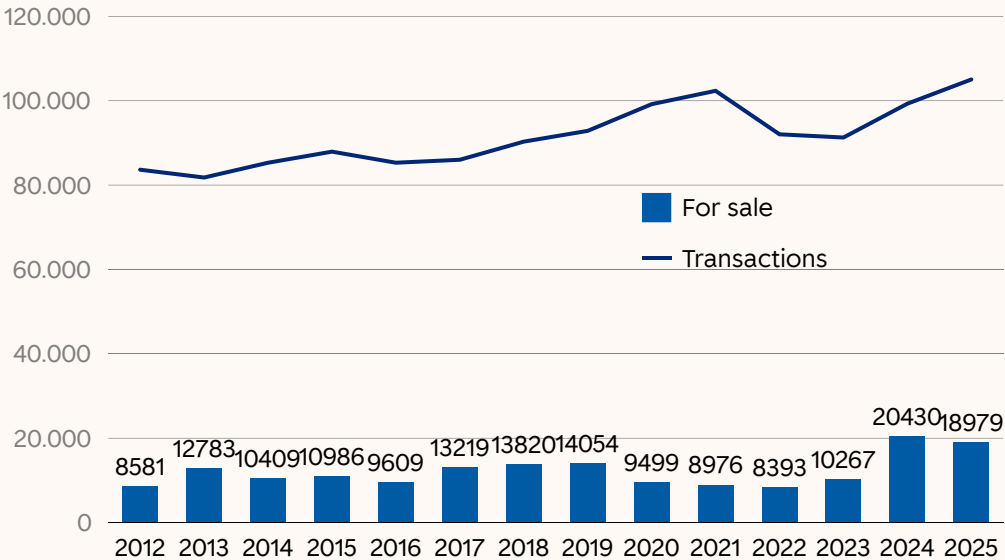


- Regulatory rules for lending to households apply
- The market has shown strength through the Corona crisis, due to lower interest rates
- Drivers are population growth and new construction, urbanization, income growth and the jobs market and interest rates

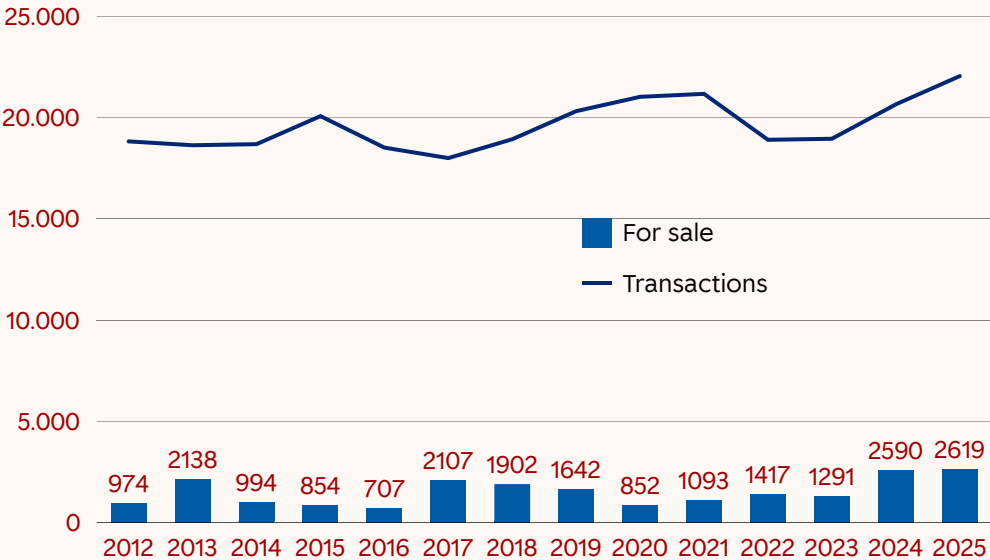
RESIDENTIAL REAL ESTATE MARKET

# Transactions and inventory

All Norway



City of Oslo

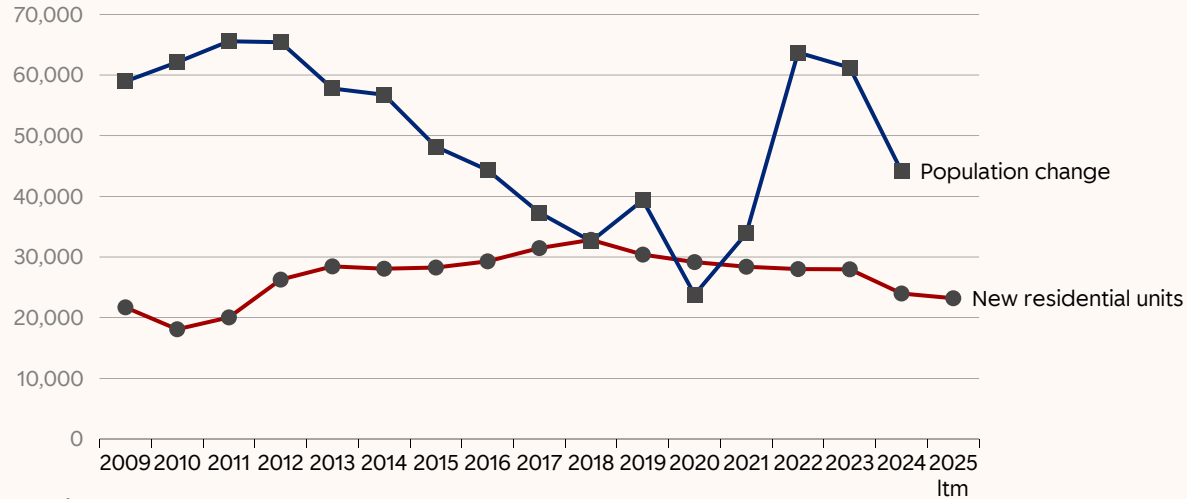


- The charts display the number of transactions of residential units
  - Transactions: sum over the last twelve months
  - For sale: cumulative – an unsold unit offered for sale is counted for 180 days

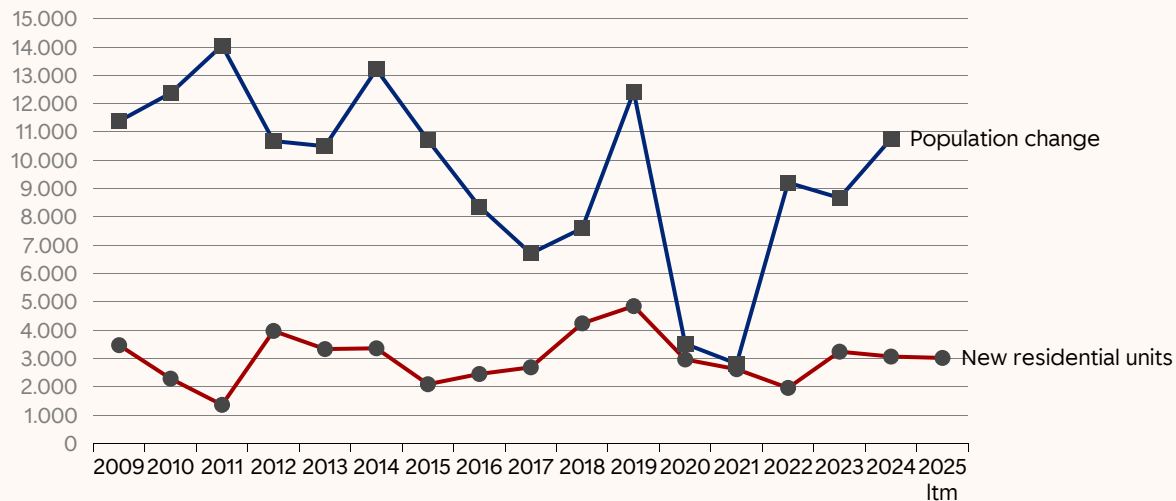


# New builds and population change

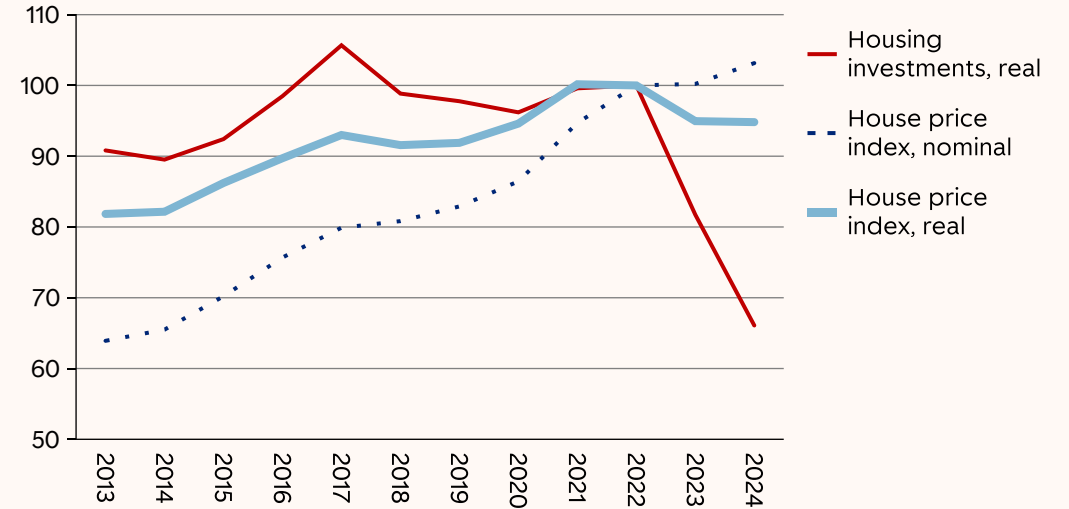
All Norway



Oslo

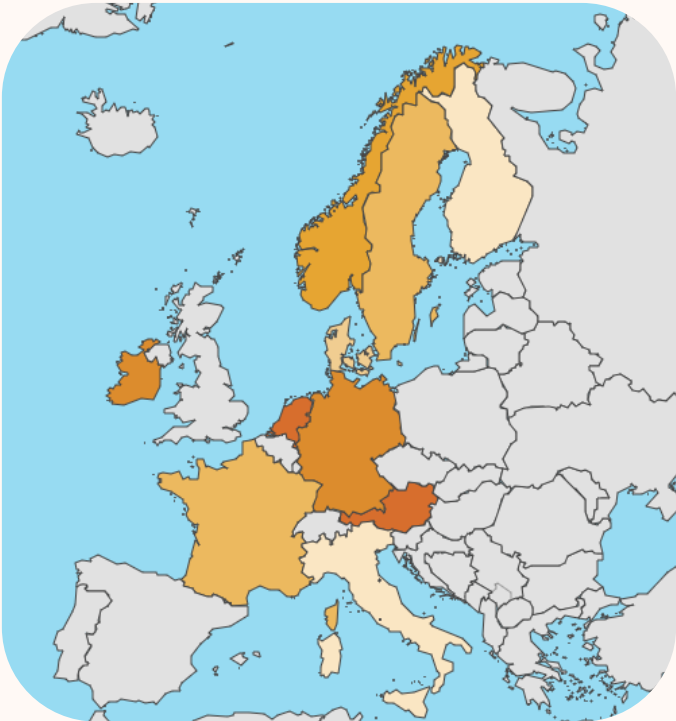
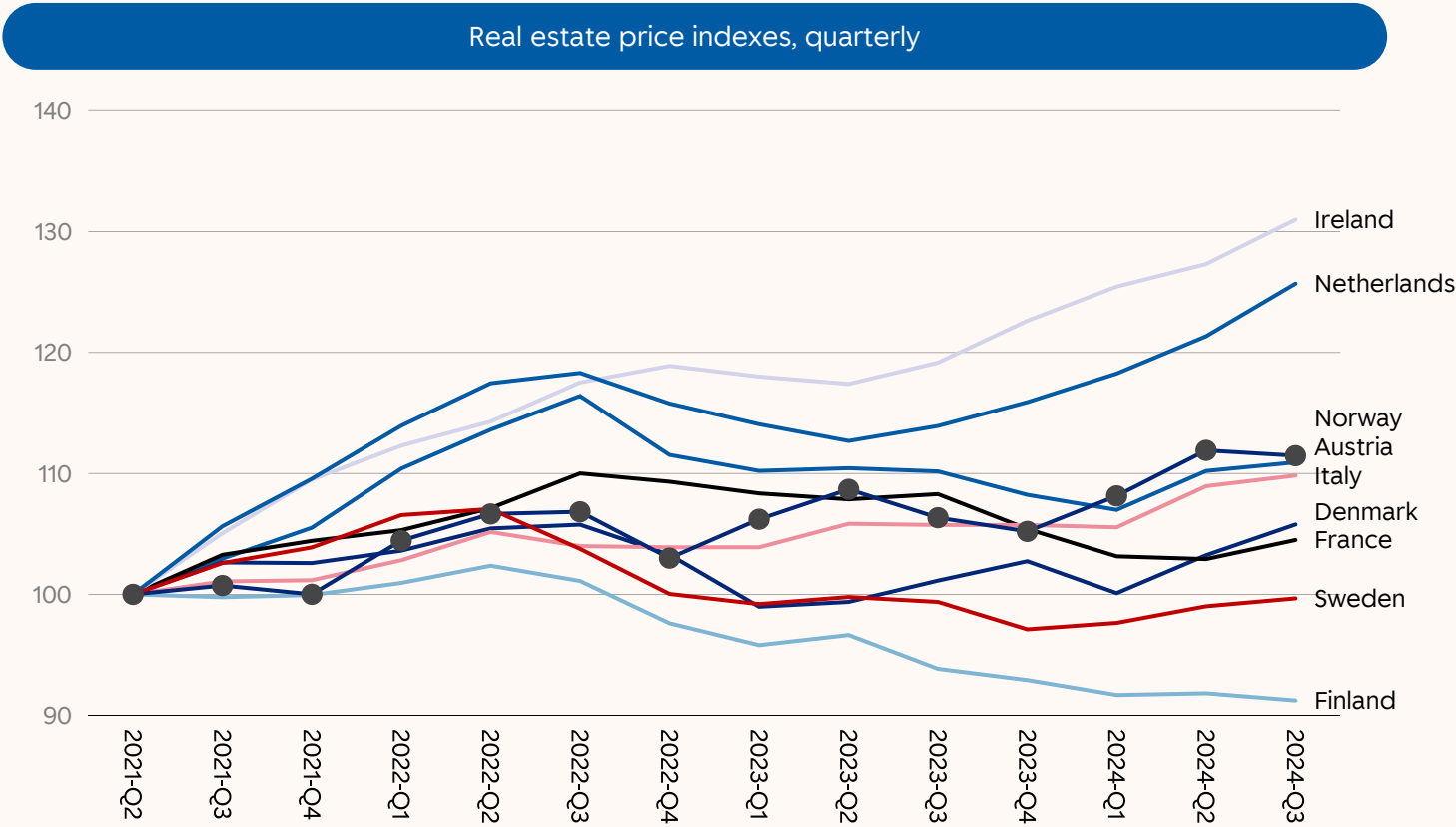


Indexes, 2022=100, all Norway, annual averages



- Population increases are mainly driven by immigration
- New construction is low in comparison to the requirement, driving prices in central locations
- The relatively low new builds influences the pricing on the market for used homes upwards

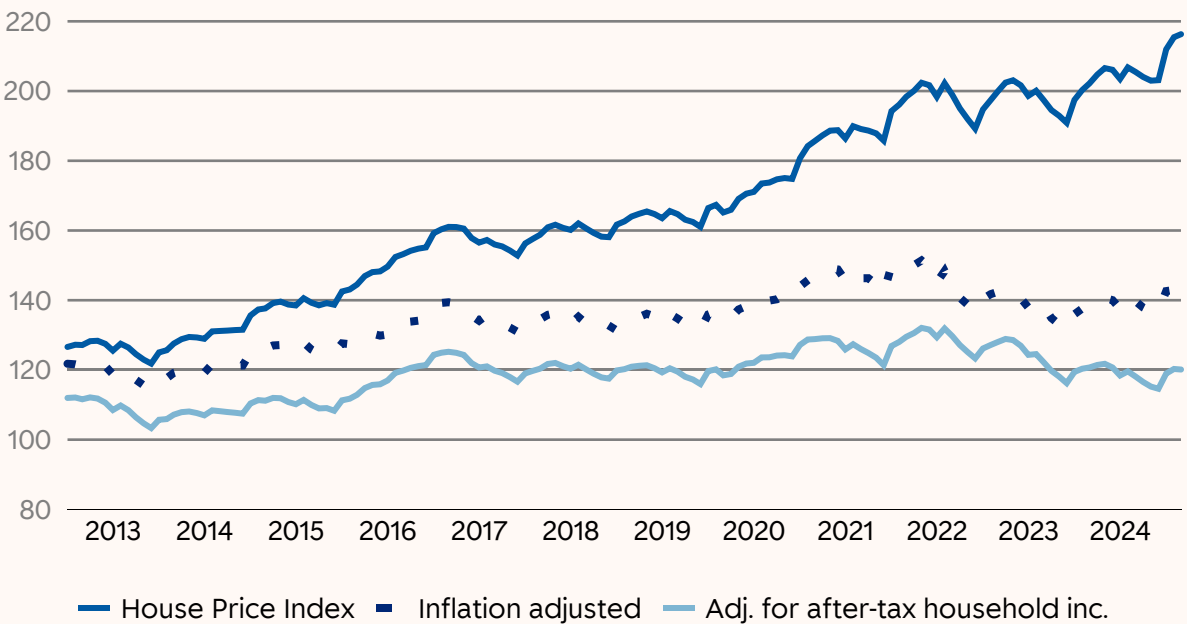
# Price development international comparison



RESIDENTIAL REAL ESTATE MARKET

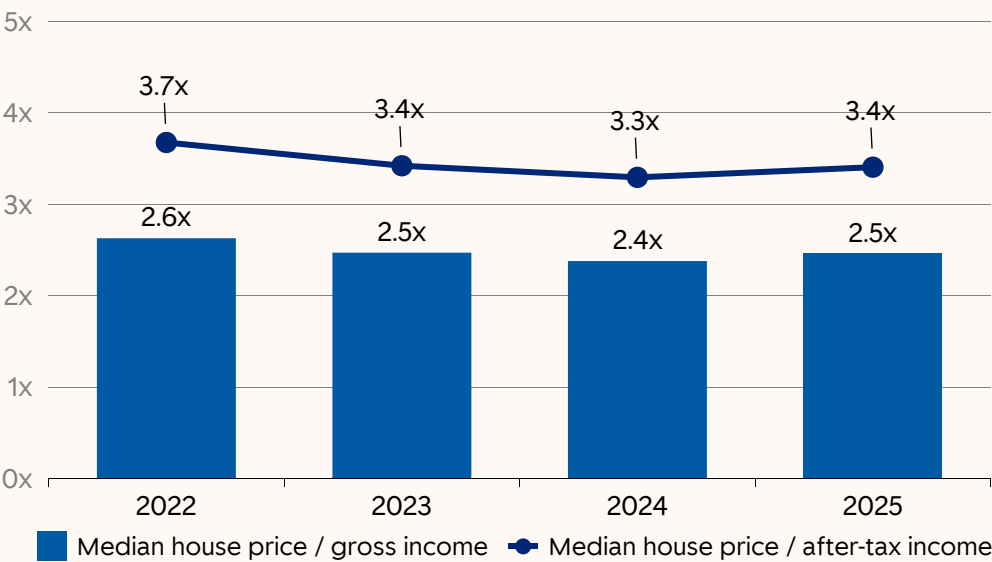
# Affordability

Adjusted real estate price index (Jan 2010=100)

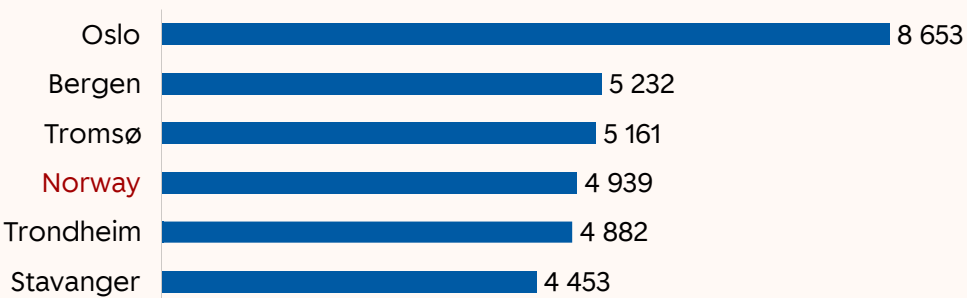


- Average house prices for Norway, as adjusted by HH after-tax income have increased since 2010, but remained flat since 2016/2017.
- Drivers of the real increase is primarily the price development in Oslo

Median value house to family income (w/projected income development)

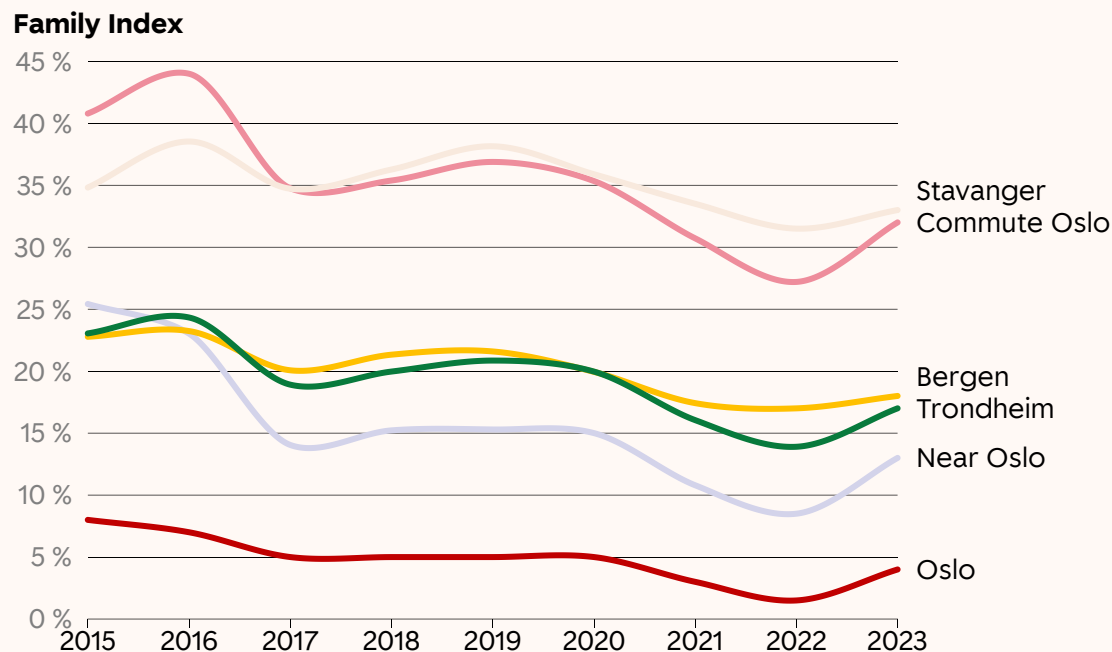


Square meter average: EUR / m2



## RESIDENTIAL REAL ESTATE MARKET

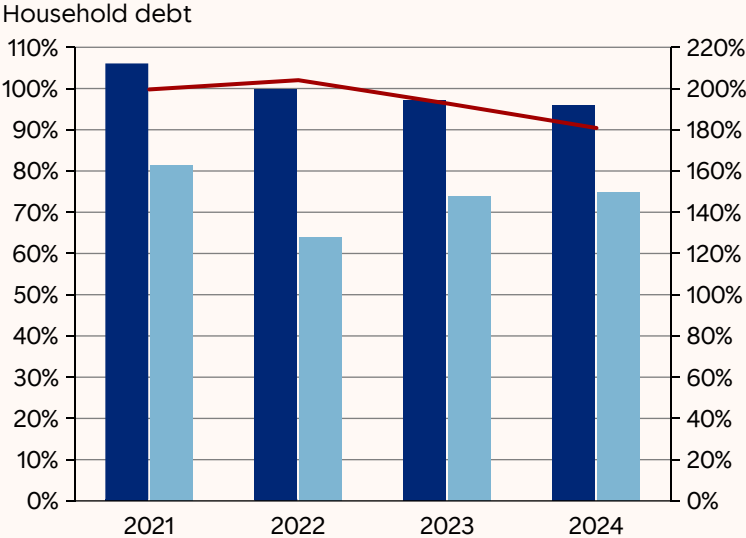
# Affordability



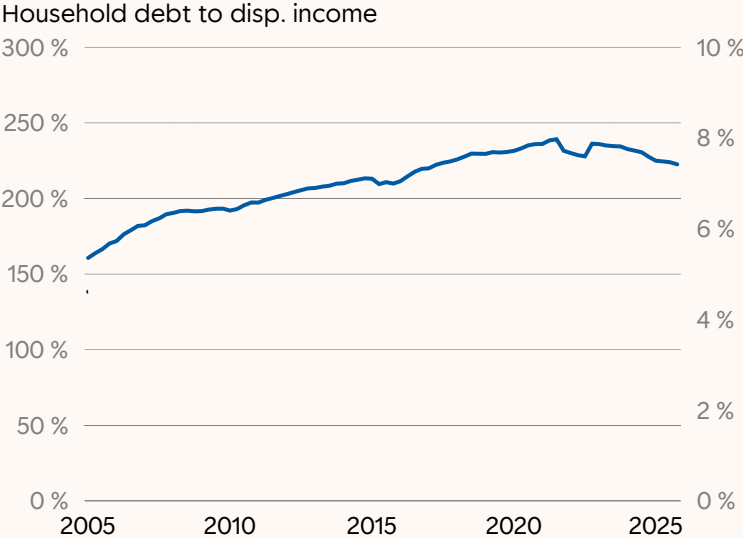
- The Family index shows which share of residential units are offered for sale that are affordable for a “standard” family
- It is based on a “normal” working household income with children and current mortgage market lending regulations
- Oslo has very few possibilities, but Commute Oslo is 30–40 min train commute from the city centre
- From 2023 the regulatory interest stress test is reduced, allowing for more purchasing possibilities

RESIDENTIAL REAL ESTATE MARKET

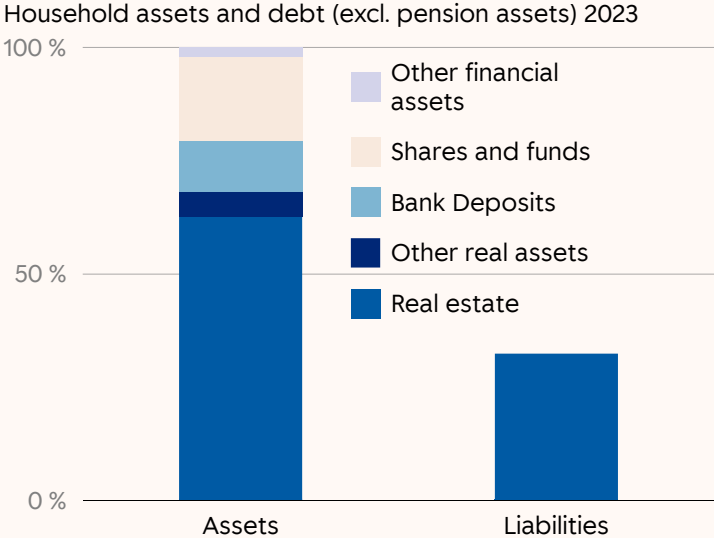
# Household Sector Debt



- Household debt as a share of GDP (mainland, left axis)
- Household debt as a share of GDP (left axis)
- Household debt / avg. after-tax income all HH (line, right axis)



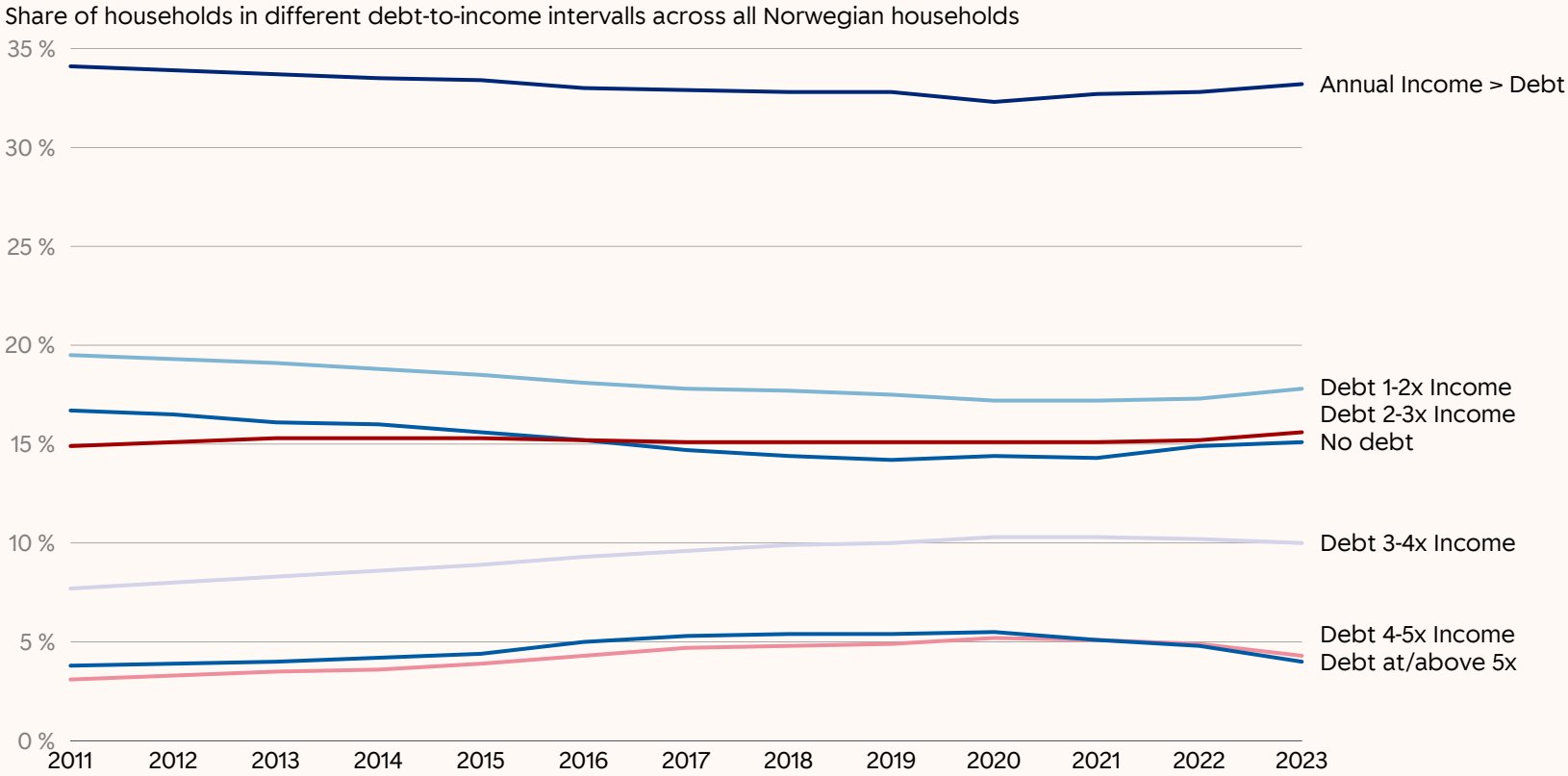
- \* Disposable income is after tax and interest payments
- Debt / income after tax and interest payments (left axis)
  - Interest / after-tax income (right axis)



Assets do not include any pension claims

RESIDENTIAL REAL ESTATE MARKET

# Household Sector Debt



- The share of highly indebted households are sinking in 2022 and 2023
- This data is updated annually in December for the previous year



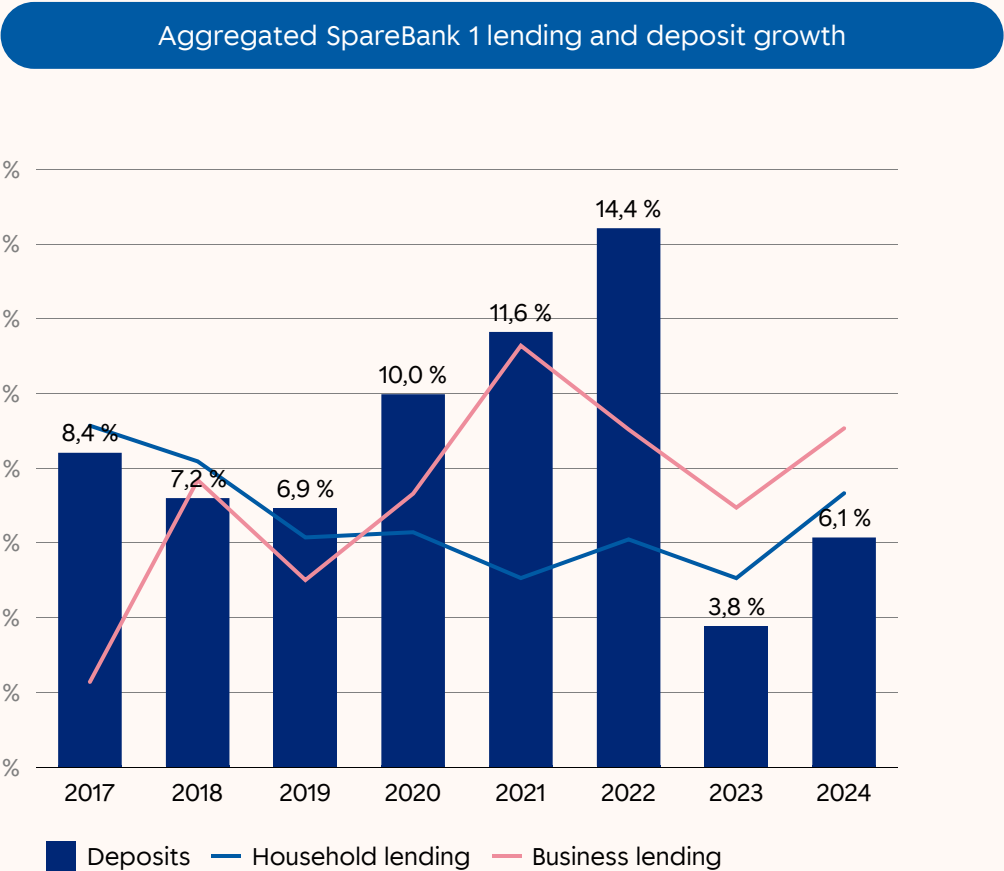
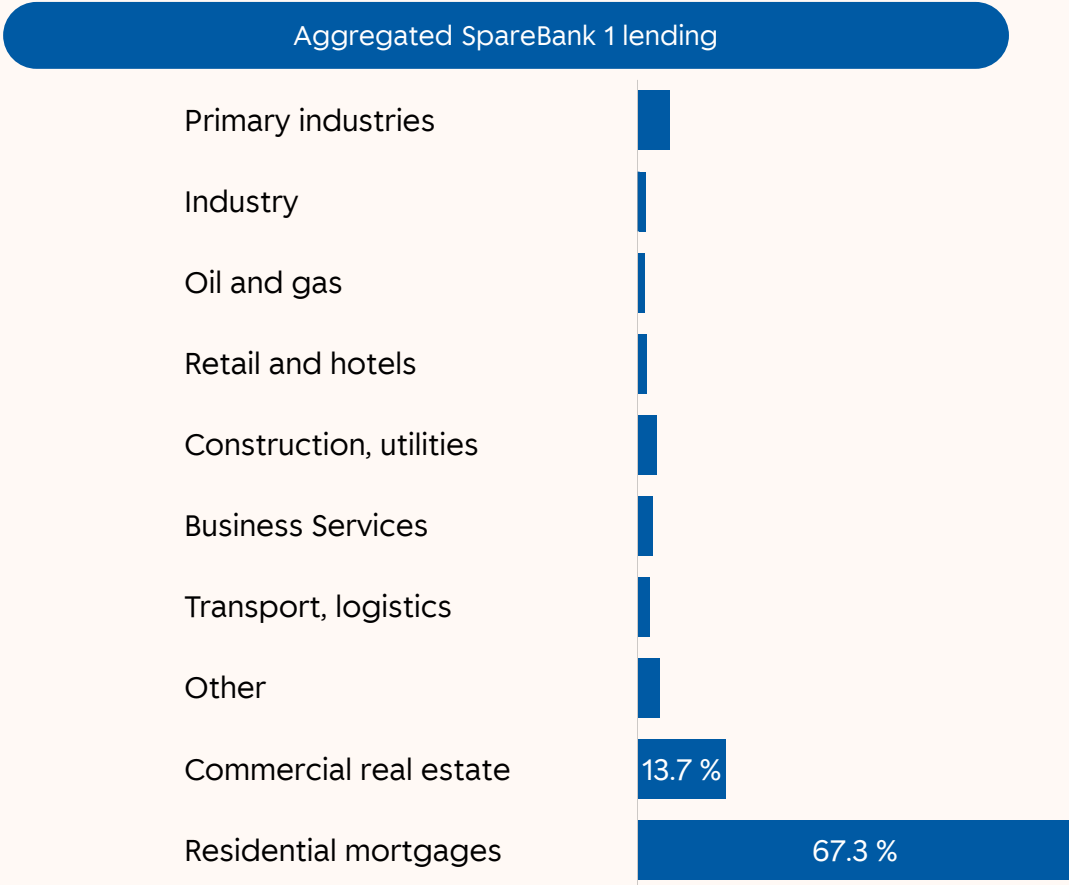
# Table of contents

- 1 SpareBank 1 Alliance Overview
- 2 Macroeconomic overview Norway
- 3 Boligkreditt – Covered Bond Structure
- 4 Residential Real Estate Market
- 5 SpareBank 1 Banks Performance Review
- 6 Covered Bond Funding
- 7 Appendix I: Green Covered Bonds



SPAREBANK 1 ALLIANCE BANKS

# Balance Sheet

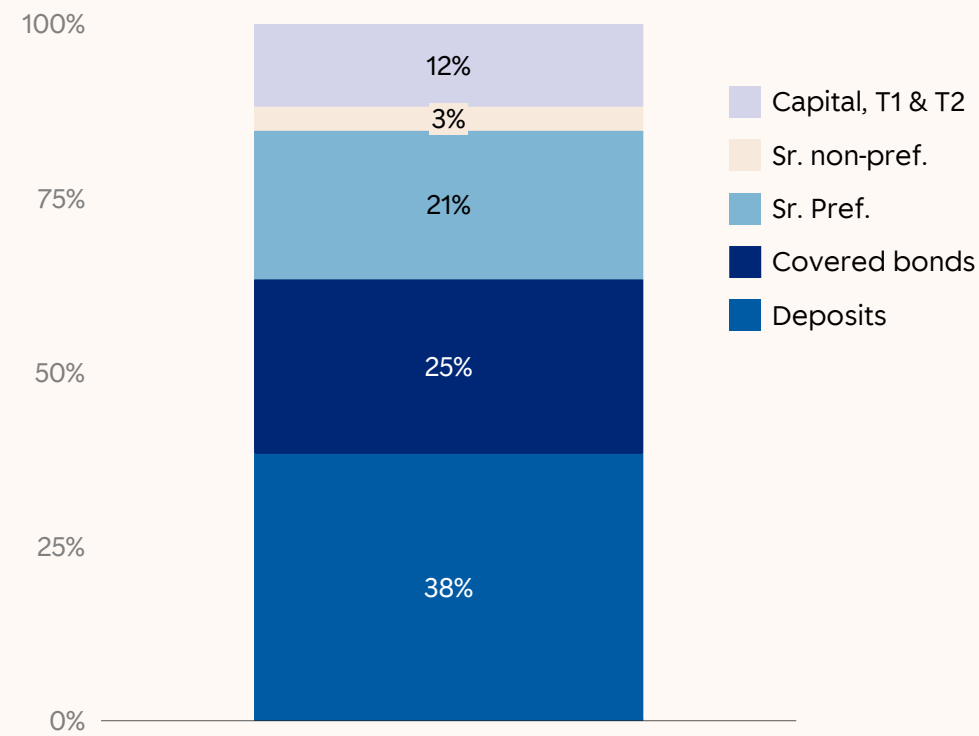


Source: SpareBank 1 Banks financial reporting

Partial year periods are annualized

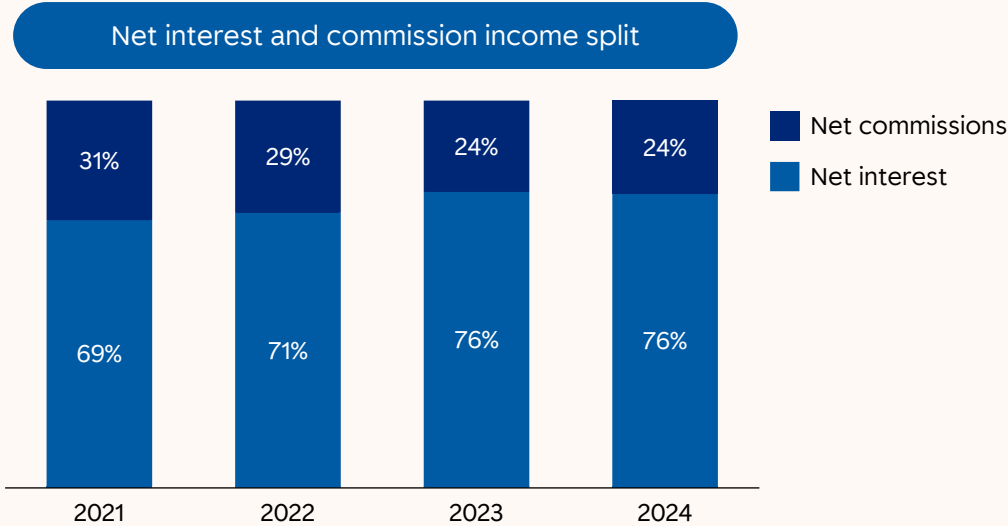
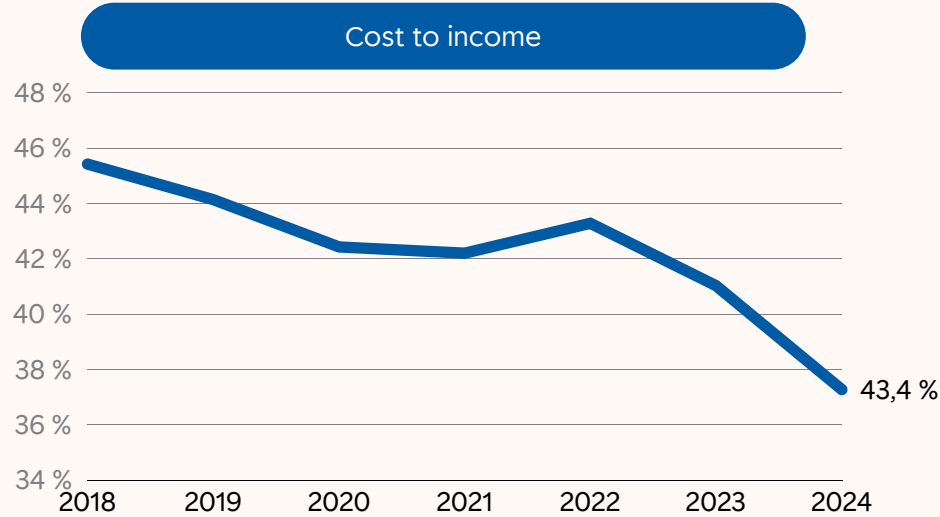
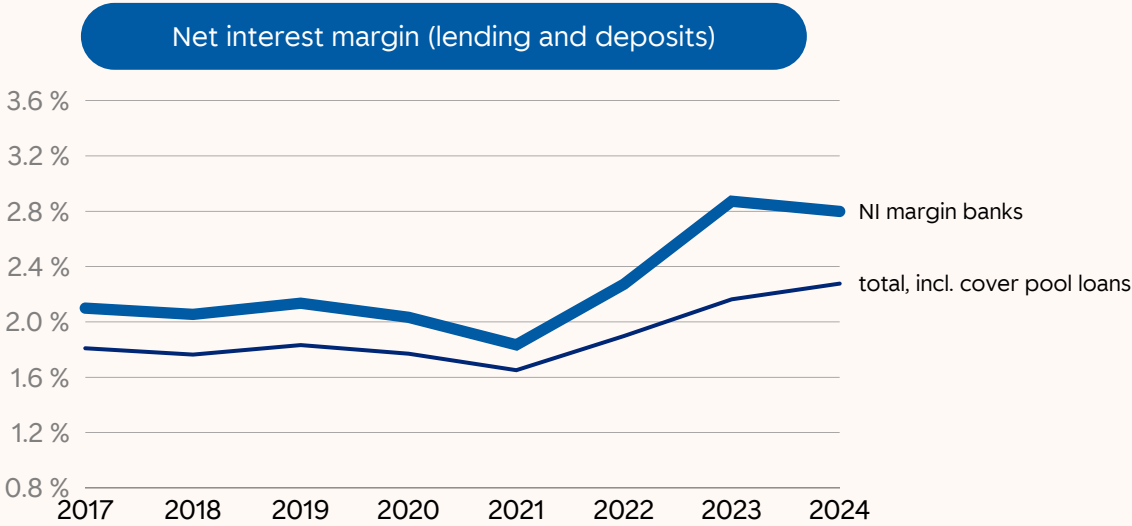
# Financing of the SpareBank 1 banks

Liabilities and capital of SpareBank 1, 4Q 2024



SPAREBANK 1 ALLIANCE BANKS

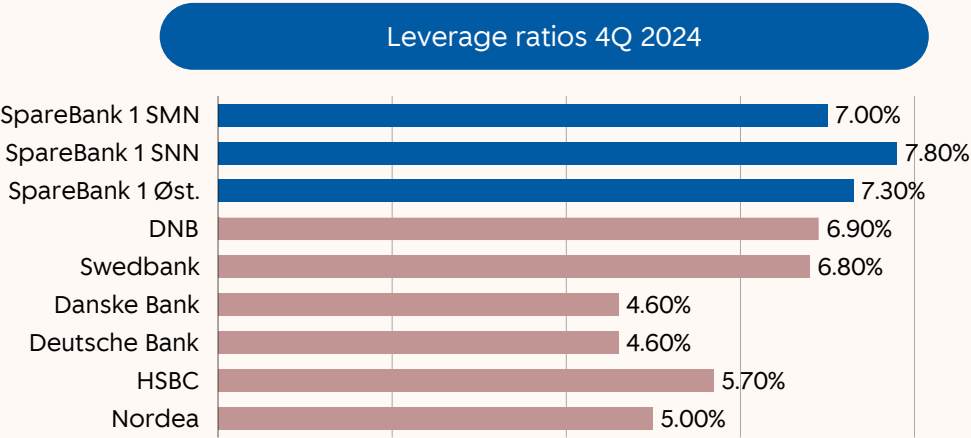
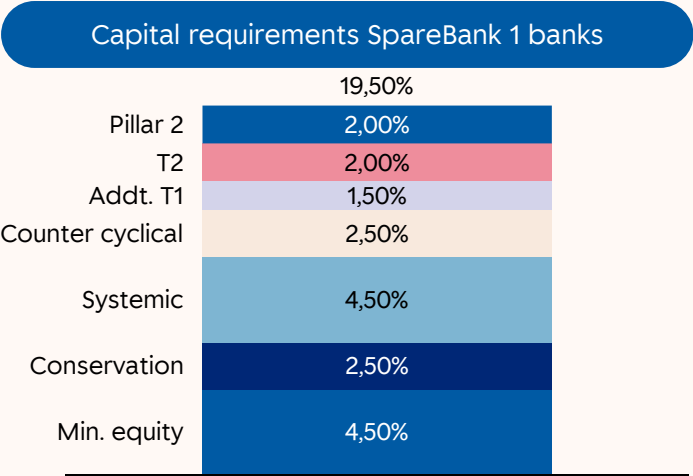
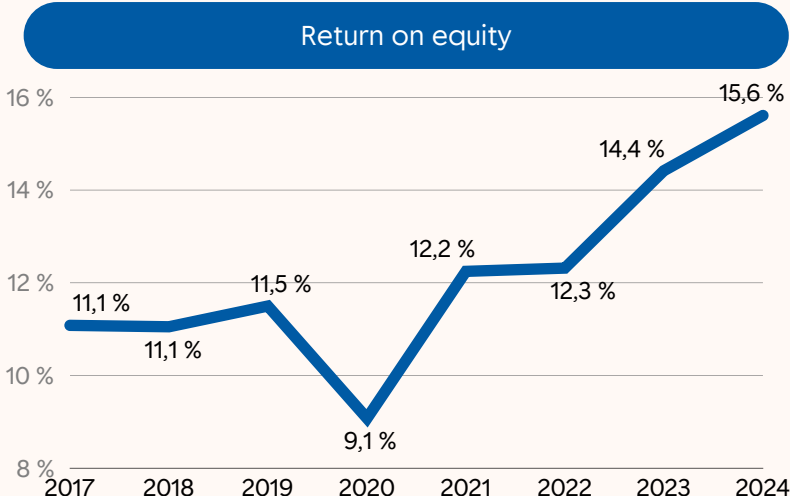
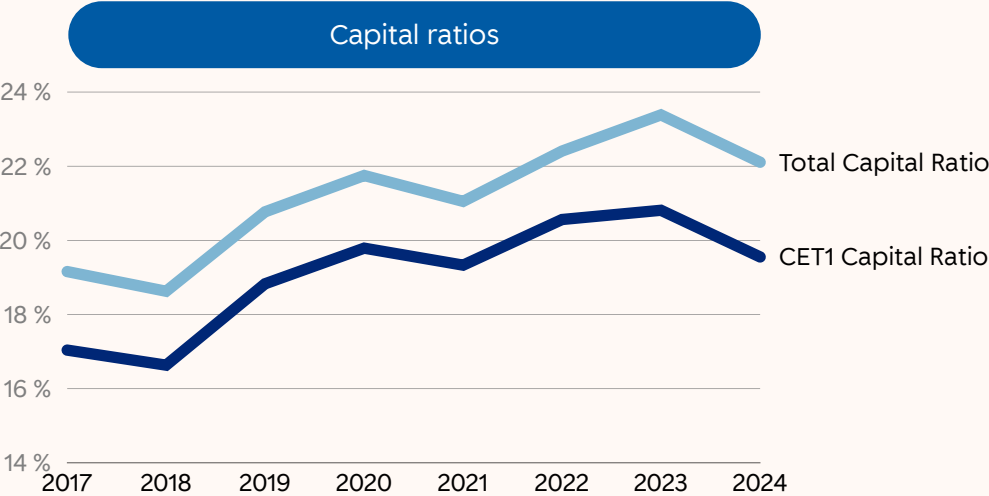
# Income and costs



- Commission (non-lending) income comes from:
- Savings products and mutual funds
  - Property and casualty insurance
  - Real estate agency
  - Accountancy services
  - Markets (SpareBank 1 Markets)
  - Credit cards

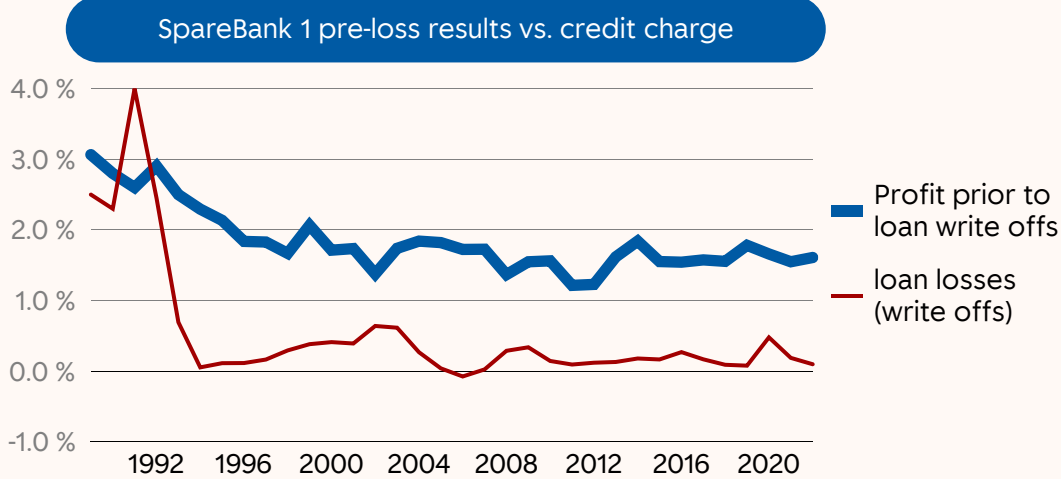
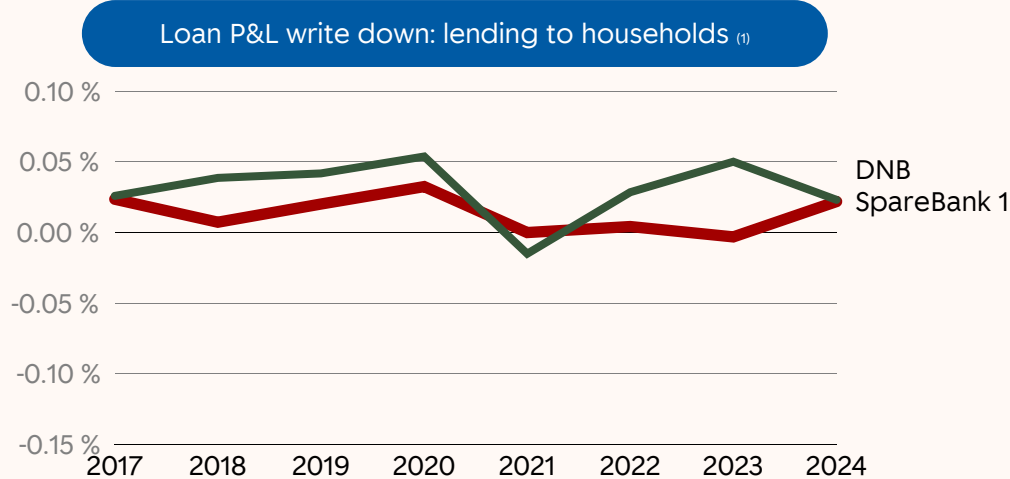
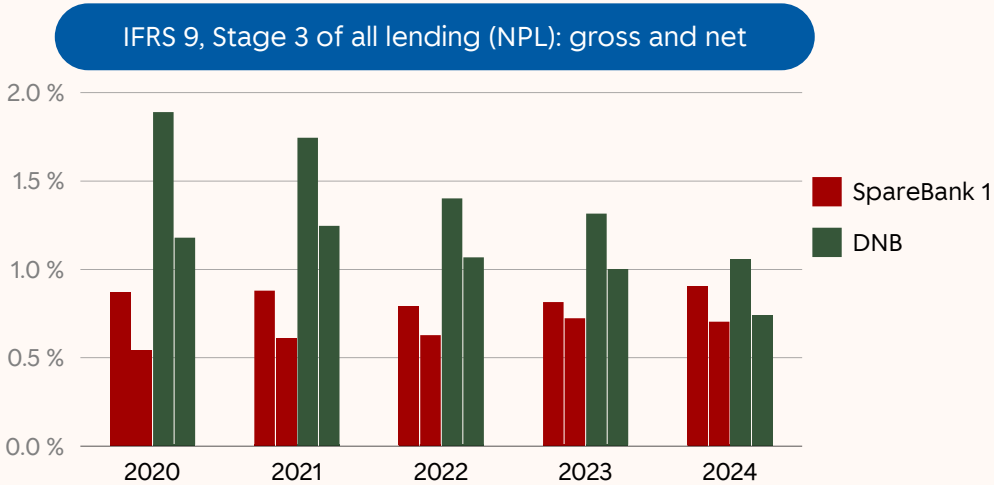
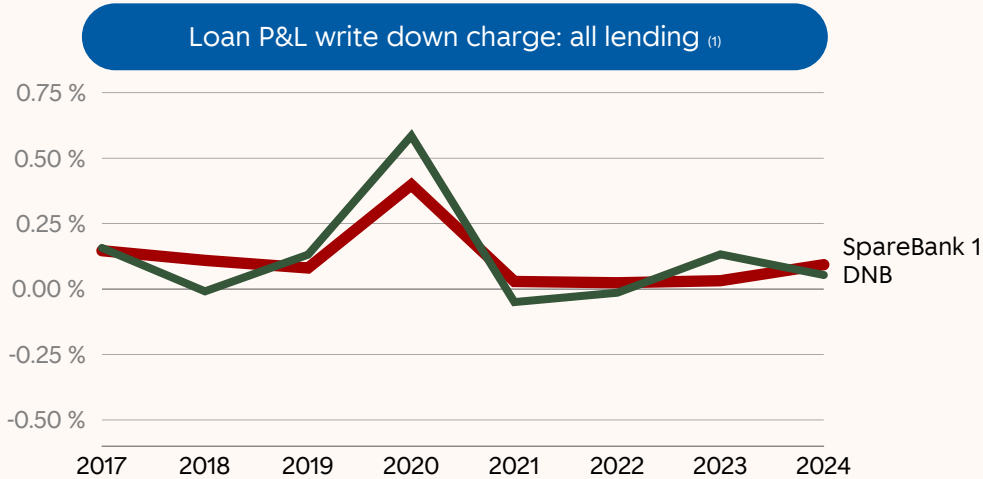
SPAREBANK 1 ALLIANCE BANKS

# Capital and return



SPAREBANK 1 ALLIANCE BANKS

# Credit Quality





# Balance sheet size and key figures

As of December 31, 2024

Figures in NOK mill.

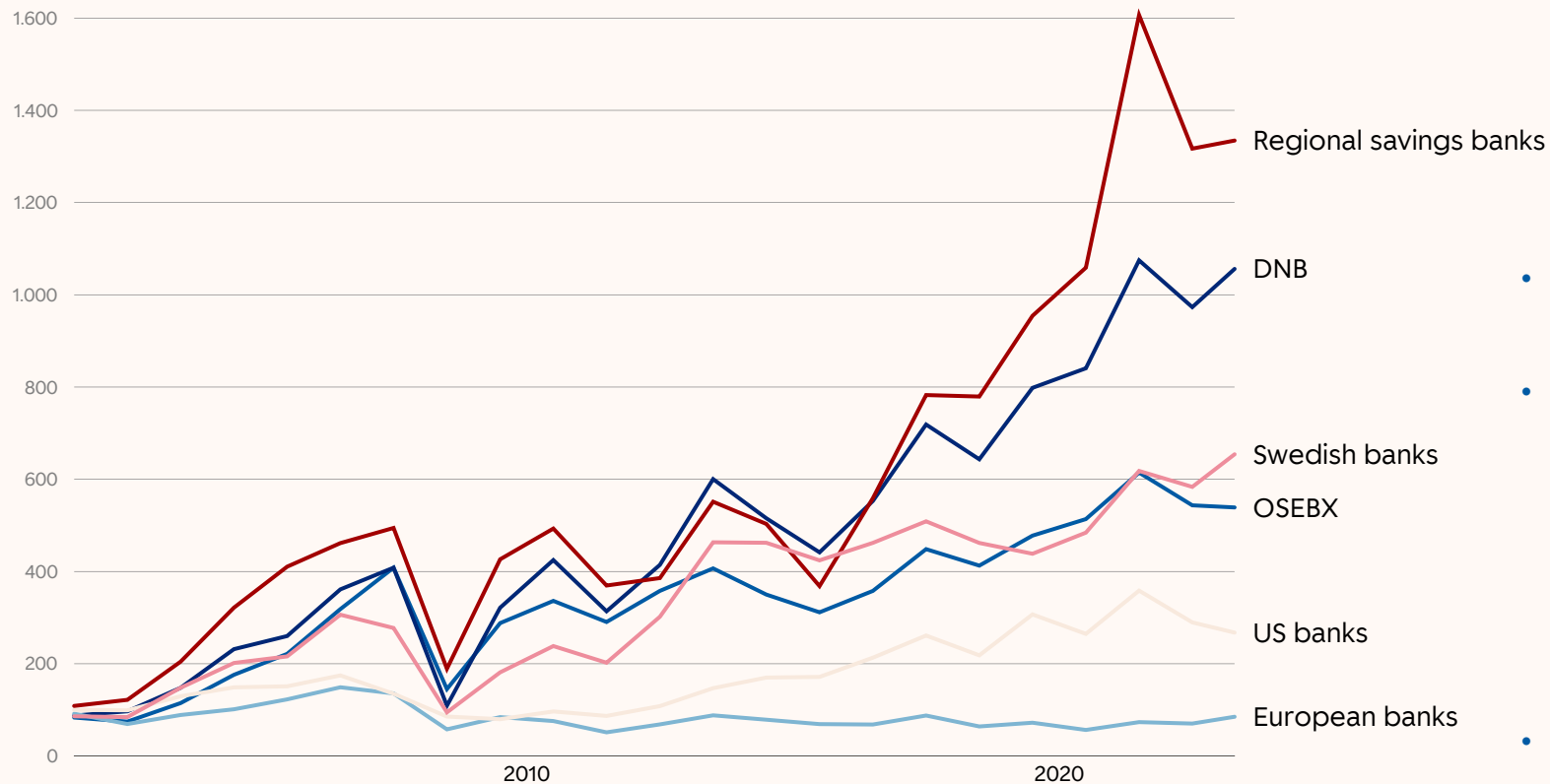
|   | SpareBank 1<br>SMN | SpareBank 1<br>SNN | SpareBank 1<br>Østlandet | SpareBank 1<br>Sør-Norge | All other<br>SB1 banks | Alliance<br>Aggregate |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| <i>Moodys' Issuer/sr. rating</i>        | <i>Aa3</i>         | <i>Aa3</i>         | <i>Aa3</i>               | <i>Aa3</i>               | <i>NR</i>              |                       |
| Total assets (incl. covered bond loans) | 316,947            | 183,590            | 282,377                  | 479,336                  | 386,820                | 1,812,664             |
| Gross loans                             | 249,350            | 152,965            | 231,168                  | 405,062                  | 332,858                | 1,371,403             |
| <i>of which used in covered bonds</i>   | 69,248             | 47,917             | 71,810                   | 98,100                   | 112,503                | 399,578               |
| Deposits                                | 140,897            | 88,379             | 128,270                  | 204,006                  | 177,256                | 738,808               |
| NPLs                                    | 1,854              | 1,298              | 1,879                    | 1,830                    | 2,796                  | 9,657                 |
| CET 1 Equity                            | 30,523             | 19,399             | 26,213                   | 52,637                   | 40,473                 | 169,245               |
| CET 1 ratio                             | 20.2 %             | 18.8 %             | 18.5 %                   | 20.2 %                   | 19.1 %                 | 19.5 %                |
| Total capital ratio                     | 22.8 %             | 21.3 %             | 20.7 %                   | 23.0 %                   | 21.2 %                 | 22.0 %                |
| NPL ratio                               | 0.7 %              | 0.8 %              | 0.8 %                    | 0.5 %                    | 0.8 %                  | 0.7 %                 |
| Cost to income ratio                    | 42.0 %             | 30.2 %             | 37.4 %                   | 38.0 %                   | 35.7 %                 | 37.2 %                |
| RoE                                     | 16.6 %             | 21.8 %             | 15.8 %                   | 14.1 %                   | 13.5 %                 | 15.6 %                |

## Notes

1. Covered bonds are issued through the Alliance's banks SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt and SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt.  
The exception is SR bank, which uses its own issuer.
2. NPL means loans in Stage 3, IFRS 9, which include payment defaulted and loans at risk of default
3. The ratios in the All other SB1 banks column are weighted averages
4. Alliance Aggregate includes the Alliance's Group and insurance company

# SpareBank 1 Banks equity total return

Total return since 2001 (01.01.2001 = 100), dividend adjusted



## Results of the regional savings banks (SpareBank 1 Alliance banks) performance due to:

- Continued improvements in cost efficiencies (low cost to income)
  - Fewer bank branch employees, more customer interaction via technology
  - Number of bank physical branch offices reduced
  - Saving banks are consolidating
- No expansion – or failed expansions – outside of Norway
- Well capitalized banks
  - Pursuing core business
  - Offering full palate of financial services to the customer base
  - Sufficient capacity to cover potential losses – and low actual losses
- A strong Norwegian economy with credit growth, low bank losses and increased asset (real estate) values

# Table of contents

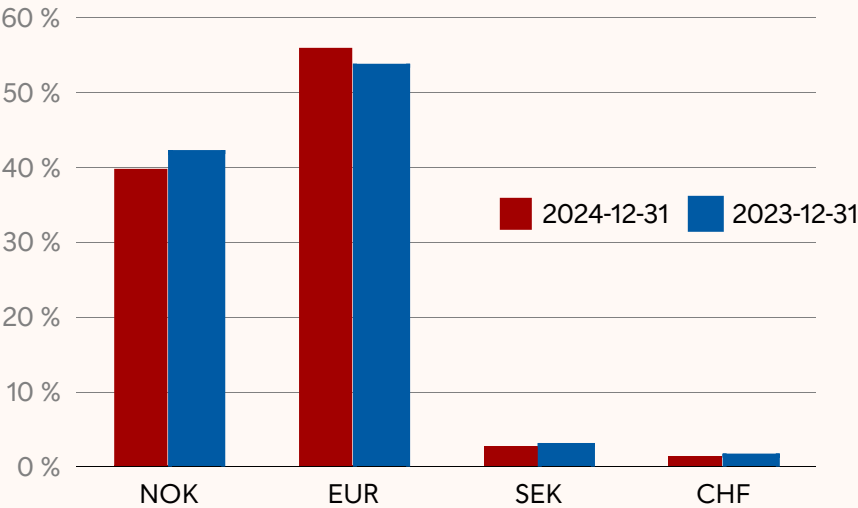
- 1 SpareBank 1 Alliance Overview
- 2 Macroeconomic overview Norway
- 3 Boligkreditt – Covered Bond Structure
- 4 Residential Real Estate Market
- 5 SpareBank 1 Banks Performance Review
- 6 Covered Bond Funding
- 7 Appendix I: Green Covered Bonds



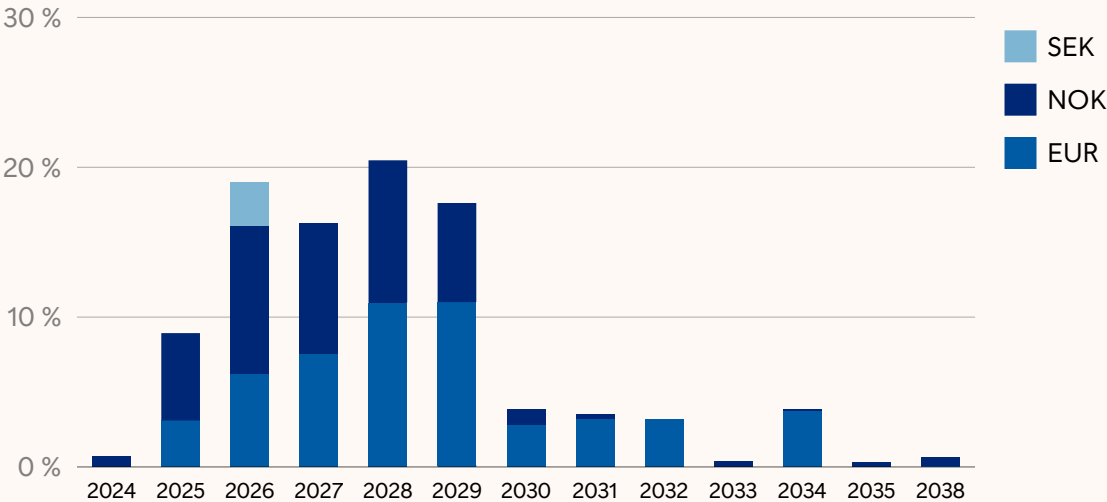
COVERED BOND FUNDING

# SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt Covered Bonds

Currency split



Maturity profile



Further information at [spabol.no](https://spabol.no)



## SpaBol benchmark covered bonds (excl. NOK)

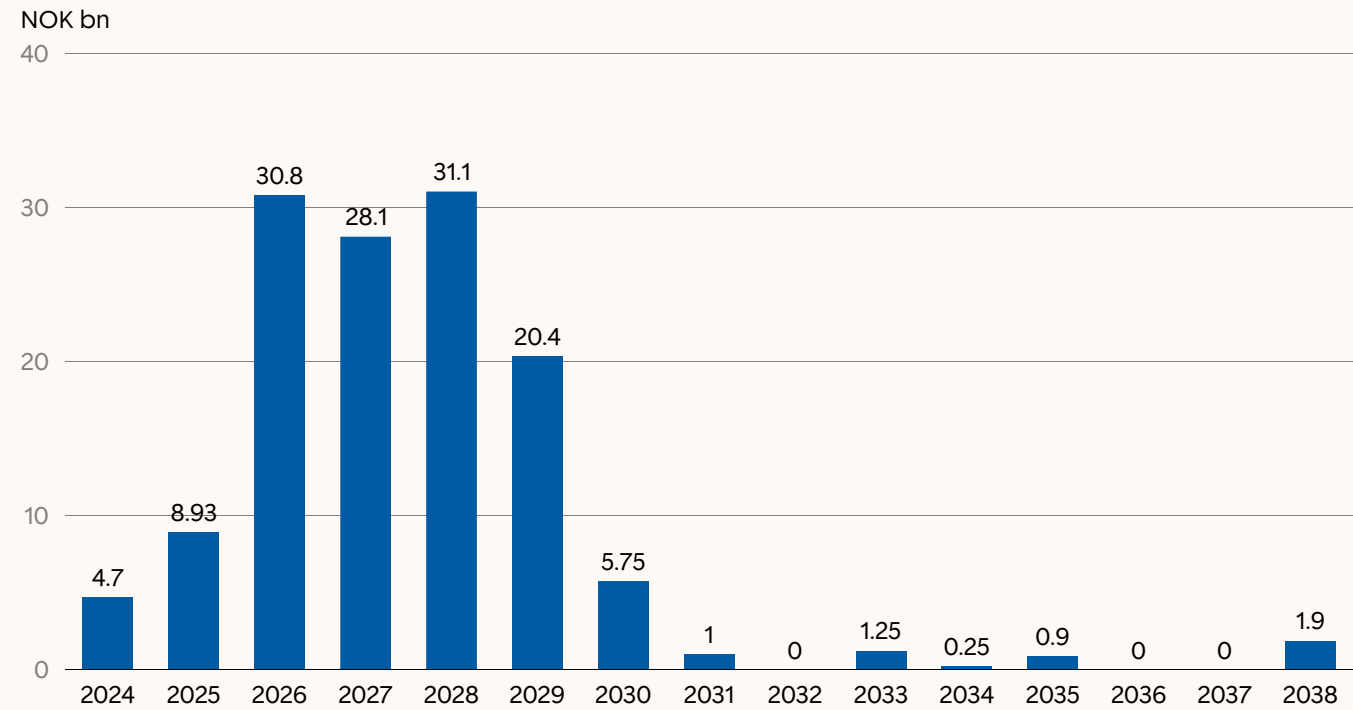
| Number     | Issue date | Size (mill.) | Tenor (years) | Maturity date | Coupon          | Spread at issuance    | Green Bond |
|------------|------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------|
| <b>EUR</b> |            |              |               |               |                 | <b>Mid swaps+ bps</b> |            |
| 1          | Aug 2016   | 1,000        | 10            | 30.08.2026    | 0.25%           | 4                     |            |
| 2          | Jan 2018   | 1,000        | 7             | 30.01.2025    | 0.50%           | -6                    | ✓          |
| 3          | Jan 2019   | 1,250        | 10            | 30.01.2029    | 1.0 %           | 23                    |            |
| 4          | May 2019   | 1,000        | 7             | 14.05.2026    | 0.125 %         | 2                     |            |
| 5          | Nov 2019   | 1,000        | 10            | 05.11.2029    | 0.125 %         | 10                    |            |
| 6          | Sept 2020  | 1,000        | 7             | 22.09.2027    | 0.10%           | 7                     | ✓          |
| 7          | May 2021   | 1,000        | 10            | 12.05.2031    | 0.125 %         | 3                     |            |
| 8          | Nov 2021   | 1,000        | 7             | 03.11.2028    | 0.05%           | 3                     |            |
| 9          | Jan 2022   | 1,250        | 6             | 20.01.2028    | 0.125%          | 0                     |            |
| 10         | May 2022   | 1,000        | 10            | 11.05.2032    | 1.75%           | 11                    |            |
| 11         | Aug 2022   | 1,250        | 4.75          | 25.05.2027    | 1.75%           | 9                     |            |
| 12         | May 2023   | 750          | 7             | 19.05.2030    | 3.00%           | 25                    | ✓          |
| 13         | Oct 2023   | 1,000        | 4.75          | 31.07.2028    | 3.625%          | 36                    |            |
| 14         | May 2024   | 1,000        | 10            | 14.05.2034    | 3.0%            | 36                    |            |
| 15         | Aug 2024   | 1,000        | 5             | 03.09.2029    | 2.75%           | 26                    |            |
| <b>SEK</b> |            |              |               |               |                 | <b>STIBOR + bps</b>   |            |
| 15         | June 2020  | 8,500        | 5             | 02.06.2025    | Stibor + 75 bps | 35                    | ✓          |
| 16         | Oct 2024   | 300          | 13            | 16.10.2037    | 3.05%           | 47                    |            |
| <b>CHF</b> |            |              |               |               |                 | <b>Mid swaps+ bps</b> |            |
| 17         | March 2022 | 210          | 5             | 06.04.2027    | 0.5075%         | 15                    |            |
| 18         | Oct 2023   | 160          | 5             | 23.10.2028    | 1.8675%         | 18                    |            |

## SpaBol NOK covered

| Number                | Issue date | Size (mill.) | Tenor (years) | Maturity date | Coupon            |
|-----------------------|------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|
| <b>NOK FRN</b>        |            |              |               |               | <b>3M NIBOR +</b> |
| 1                     | Aug 2019   | 12,200       | 6             | 15.05.2024    | 0.24%             |
| 2                     | Feb 2020   | 18,120       | 5             | 17.02.2025    | 0.25%             |
| 3                     | Nov 2021   | 24,170       | 4.25          | 19.01.2026    | 0.75%             |
| 4                     | Apr 2022   | 16,150       | 5             | 15.03.2027    | 0.38%             |
| 5                     | Sept 2022  | 11,970       | 5             | 26.09.2027    | 0.58%             |
| 6                     | Jan 2023   | 12,400       | 5.25          | 13.03.2028    | 0.48%             |
| 7                     | Sept 2023  | 12,100       | 5             | 05.09.2028    | 0.56%             |
| 8                     | Jan 2024   | 9,800        | 5             | 19.03.2029    | 0.53%             |
| 9                     | Oct 2024   | 14,500       | 5             | 30.09.2029    | 0.39%             |
| <b>NOK fixed rate</b> |            |              |               |               |                   |
| 1                     | Nov 2011   | 1,650        | 15            | 05.10.2026    | 4.75%             |
| 2                     | Mar 2016   | 3,300        | 12            | 22.06.2028    | 2.38%             |
| 3                     | Nov 2016   | 5,000        | 10            | 25.11.2026    | 2.10%             |
| 5                     | Oct 2019   | 2,850        | 11            | 23.10.2029    | 2.10%             |
| 6                     | Feb 2021   | 1,000        | 10            | 19.02.2031    | 1.73%             |
| 7                     | Feb 2022   | 250          | 12            | 16.02.2034    | 2.50%             |
| 8                     | Feb 2023   | 1,250        | 10            | 14.02.2033    | 3.45%             |
| 9                     | May 2023   | 5,750        | 7             | 29.11.2030    | 4.00%             |
| 11                    | June 2023  | 900          | 15            | 22.06.2038    | 3.92%             |
| 12                    | Oct 2023   | 1,000        | 15            | 05.10.2038    | 4.40%             |
| 13                    | Nov 2024   | 400          | 5             | 15.11.2029    | 4.29%             |

# SpaBol NOK covered bonds

- Bonds are regularly tapped to target LCR cat. 1 size
- Floating and fixed series available
- Maturity profile NOK covered outstanding:





# Table of contents

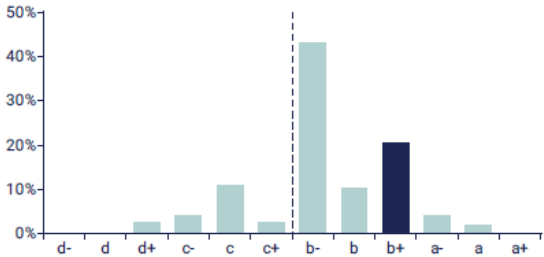
- 1 SpareBank 1 Alliance Overview
- 2 Macroeconomic overview Norway
- 3 Boligkreditt – Covered Bond Structure
- 4 Residential Real Estate Market
- 5 SpareBank 1 Banks Performance Review
- 6 Covered Bond Funding
- 7 Appendix I: Green Covered Bonds



# SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt Green Bond Rating

## ISS – Oekom Green Bond Rating

492 bonds in total



### Strengths and Weaknesses

- + clear and conclusive eligibility criteria
- + comprehensive external assurance of bond framework
- + reasonable structures for the management of proceeds
- + clear sustainability strategy of the issuer
- no comprehensive approach regarding specific social risks of residential mortgages

## Moody's ESG assessment SpaBol

from Moody's Investors Service

ESG CREDIT IMPACT SCORE (CIS) ⓘ

CIS-2

27 JAN 2025

ESG ISSUER PROFILE SCORES (IPS) ⓘ

27 JAN 2025

ENVIRONMENTAL

E-3

SOCIAL

S-3

GOVERNANCE

G-2

ESGView

Methodology

ESG Peer Comparison

Source: Moody's Investors Service

## Moody's Green Bond Rating

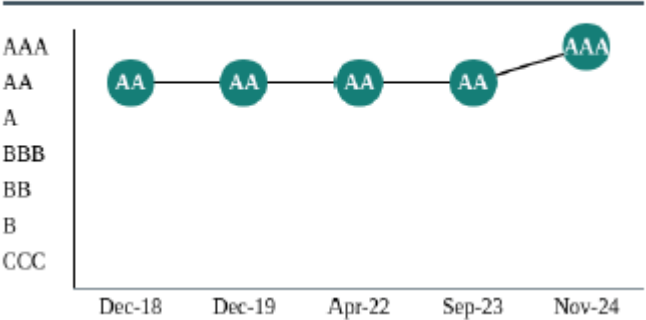
Green Bond Assessment - January 2018 issuance

### Summary analysis



## MSCI ESG rating SpaBol

### ESG Rating history

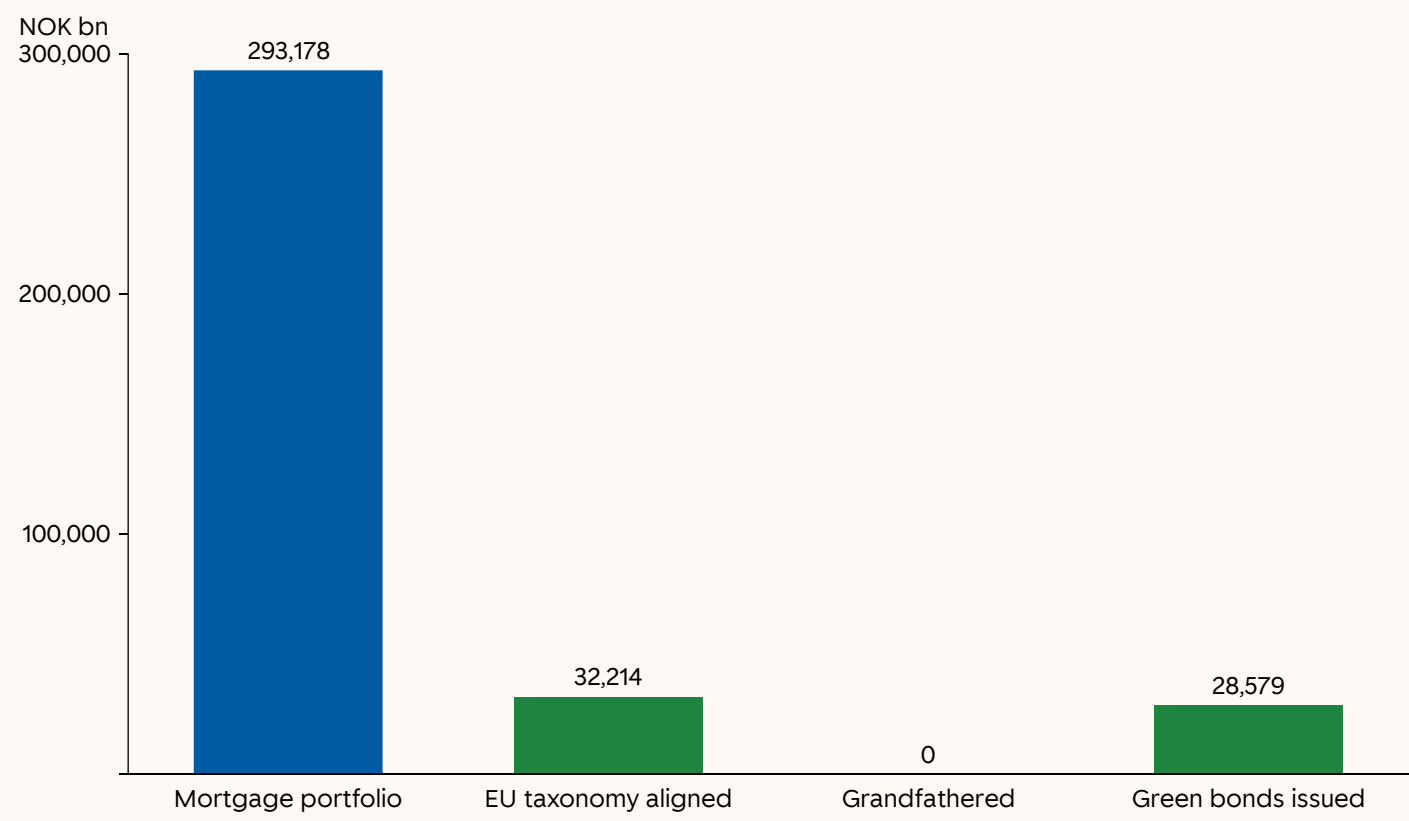


# ESG in the SpareBank 1 banks



- ESG is an important strategic focus in the banks' business, driven by dedicated teams and is inclusive in the credit modelling and lending decision process
- SpareBank 1 Banks are foundational members of the **UN Environmental Programme Principles of Responsible banking** (which implements the Paris Agreement in the financial industry) and of the **UN Global Compact** (which targets the overall UN sustainability goals)
- SpareBank 1 Banks have created climate accounts (Scope 1-3) and have set goals
- SpareBank 1 banks are offering green mortgages to customers, are issuing green senior bonds and are working with SpaBol regarding green covered bonds

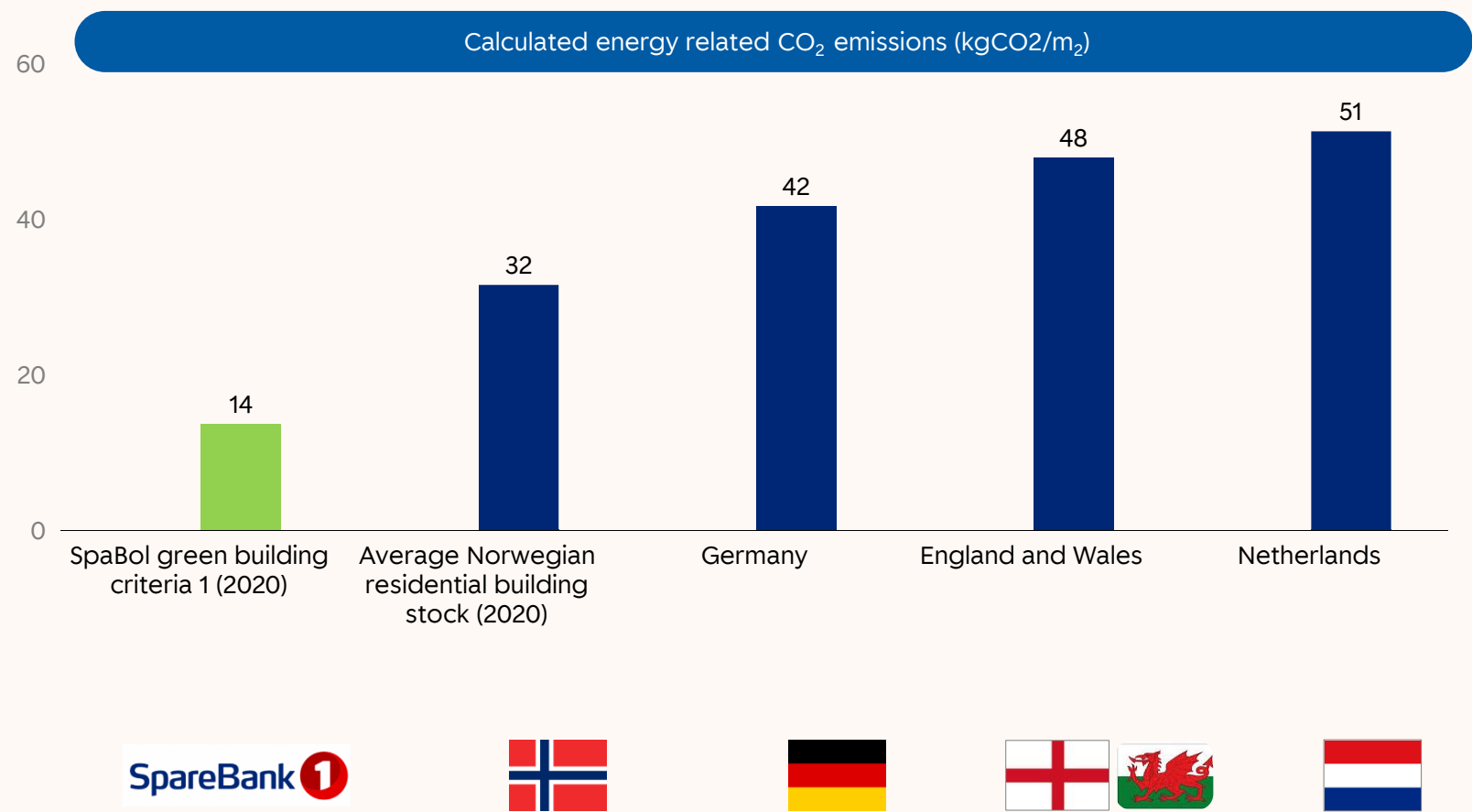
# SpaBol green mortgages portfolio



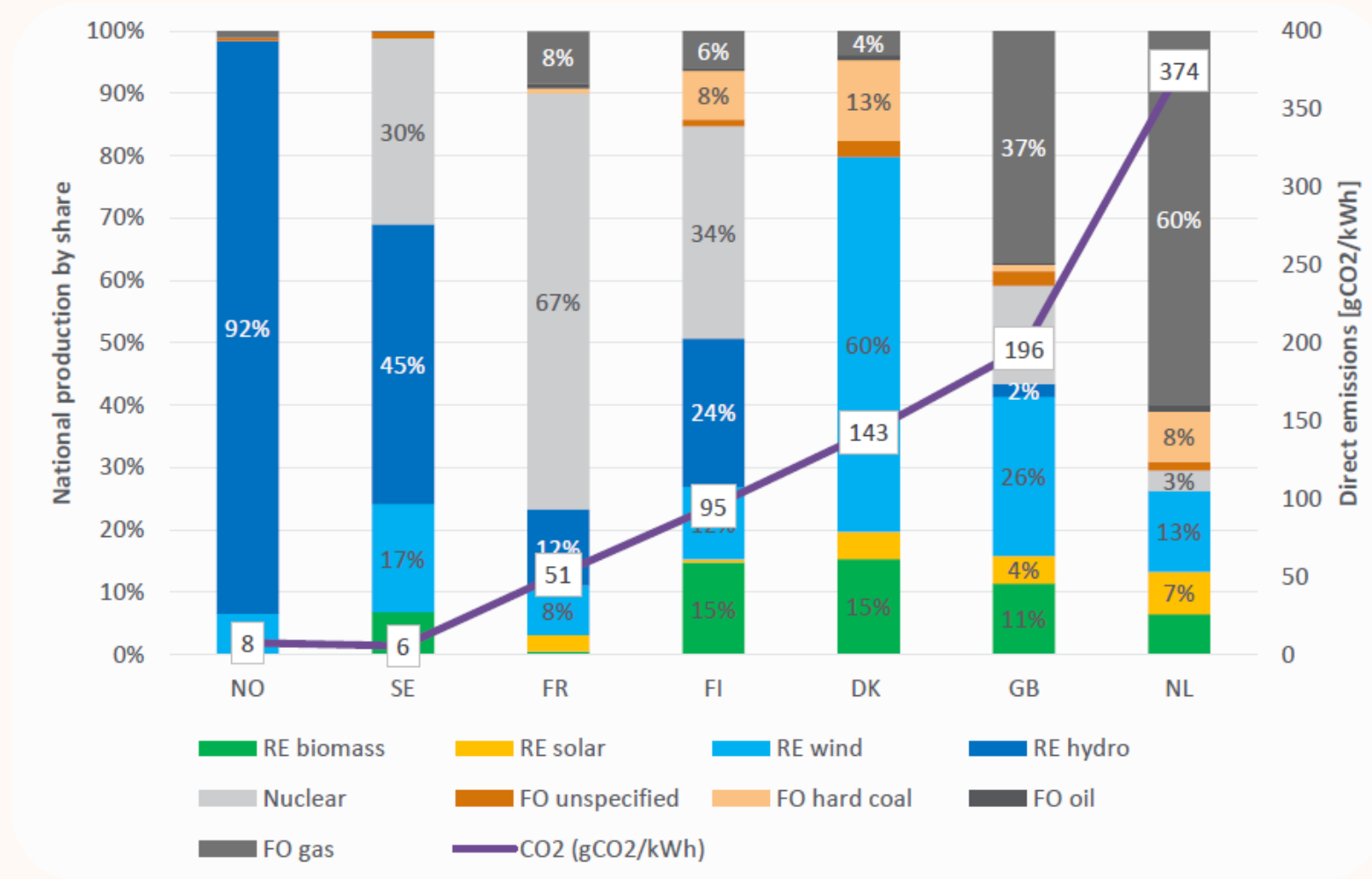
- Green volume of approx. NOK 32.5 bn.
- Overall portfolio 293 bn, Green Ratio (mortgages only) 11.1%
- EUR 1.75 bn and SEK 8.5 bn green covered bonds are outstanding

- Building years 2009-2011 and EPC C were categorized as green until June 2021 («grandfathered volume»)
- January 2025: grandfathered volume removed (bond matured), green bond criteria are EU Taxonomy aligned

# Green bond impact



# Green bond impact – national electricity production mix



# New green mortgages offered



|                   | Green Mortgage Terms   | Interest savings  |
|-------------------|--|---|
| SpareBank 1 banks | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Mortgages financing A and B EPC labels residential properties always qualify as a green mortgages</li><li>• Project criteria overlaps with ENOVA (gov energy efficiency agency) criteria for increasing energy efficiency measures</li></ul> | Generally / average 40 bps savings on a green vs. conventional mortgage (may range from 25 to 50 bps in individual SpareBank 1 banks) |



# SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt webpage & contact info



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SpaBol website for bond issues, cover pool statistics, programme document and more

<https://spabol.sparebank1.no>